The Standard AND RIVER PLATE NEWS.

No. 1902—Eighth Year. BUENOS AYRES, SUNDAY, JUNE 7, 1868. Circulation 2500

MAUA BANK,
101-103 CALLE CANGALLO

The offices of this Bank having been removed to the above spacious building, in order to suit the increasing flow of business, the public is informed that the following transactions are carried on in currency and specie in this Bank:—

First—Bills and obligations with good signatures are discounted on conventional terms.

Second—Money is advanced on mercantile and other securities approved of by the Manager.

Third—Accounts current are opened with Merchants or other parties who may prefer depositing endorsed and transferable securities, against which they may draw up to an amount previously convened under conditions established for such class of operations.

Fourth—Money is received in account current, bearing interest from day of deposit, which is accumulated in favor of the parties every three months, the depositors being allowed to retire at any time, by means of cheques, part or the full amount at their wish, save when the quantity exceeds three hundred doubloons or one hundred thousand dollars currency, in which case forty-eight hours' previous notice is required to be given at the Treasury of the Bank.

Fifth—Bills or letters of credit are drawn and taken on Montevideo, Rosario, Sta Fé, Salto Oriental, Paysandu, Rio Janeiro, and other places in the Brazils, England and France, as also on other places, of which notice will be given hereafter.

Finally, the Bank undertakes and executes all legitimate transactions within the orbit of banking operations.

The establishment is always open from 9 a.m. till 3 p.m.

P. P. Maua & Co.
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM.

January 1st, 1868.

MAUA BANK,
101-103 CALLE CANGALLO.

INTEREST FOR CURRENT MONTH.

IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, SPECIE.
For balances in our favor, .. 12 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
IN ACCOUNT CURRENT, PAPER MONEY
For balances in our favor .. .. 12 per cent.
For balances in favor of Customers 6 "
Deposits on 15 days' notice, paper "
Do. do. do. gold "
Do. 30 days' do. paper "
Do. do. do. gold "
Fixed deposits from "

P. P. Maua & Co.,
M. A. de FREITAS AMORIM.

an. 1, 1868.

The Argentine Marine Insurance Company.

established in this City, insure at moderate premiums all risks by sea or on the river.

Office—118 CALLE PIEDAD

DIRECTORS.

Sor. Don Tomas Armstrong, President.
" Jacob Farraviani, Vice-President.
" Ambrosio P. Lezica.
" Enrique Tomkinson.
" Mariano Casares.
" Bernardo Yturraste.
" Antonio Demarchi.
" Francisco F. Moreno, Gerente.

THE LONDON AND LANCASHIRE FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £1,000,000. | INCOME, £110,000
LONDON.

Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandize, and Goods in the Custom-house, Bonded Stores, and private ones, produce in the Barracas or in Deposit Stores, in the Lighters or on Board, and on nearly every description of property.

Rates of premium varying according to the nature of the risks, and will be found as modes rate as those of other first-class offices.

Losses by Explosion of Gas paid for, Losses by Fire, arising from Lightning, made good.

This Company, which Direction the Lord Mayor of London, the Lord Mayor of Dublin, and many of the most influential members of the Corporations of London, Manchester, Liverpool, &c., as well as many Bankers and Merchants of the principal towns of the United Kingdom take part, offers the greatest possible solidity and confidence to the assured.

The undersigned General Agent of the London and Lancashire Fire Insurance Company, is duly authorised by power of attorney to issue policies and to settle and pay losses in Buenos Ayres with promptitude and liberality, without reference to the chief office in England.

Official registration has been entered in the Registro Publico, in accordance with the existing laws of this Republic.

Apply for insurances and other details from 11 to 3 daily, No. 121 Calle 25 Mayo, corner of Corrientes, to

CONSTANT SANTA MARIA,
1y,s3 General Agent of the Company.

BILLS OF EXCHANGE; SIGHT DRAFTS.

Drafts at Sight, for Large or Small Amounts, can be obtained from
WANKLYN & CO., 104 SAN MARTIN,
on the following places:—
LONDON,
UNITED STATES,
ANTWERP,
PARIS,
GENOA,
AND ALL BRANCHES OF
NATIONAL BANK, IRELAND.
WANKLYN & CO.,
104 San Martin.

Buenos Ayres, Dec. 2, 1864. 20,xp,d3

CAJA DE CREDITO,
21 CALLE PIEDRAS.

Allowed on Deposits in Account Current—
Gold or Paper, ...6 per cent. per annum.
Do., 90 days ..8 do., do.
Do., 6 months..9 do., do.
Do., 12 months 10 do., do.

Money advanced on Hypothetical or Collateral Securities, Transfers, Stocks, &c., on conventional terms, according to the money market.

The Directors reserve the power of refusing objectionable moneys.

P. DE MONTRAVEL, Manager.

Buenos Ayres, August 1, 1867. 276,xp,n1

ROSARIO FOUNDRY AND MACHINE SHOP,
CALLE ADUANA, ROSARIO.
Iron and Brass Castings,
Smiths' Work in General.
32,xp,s5 ROSS & ATKINSON.

RIVER PLATE
TELEGRAPH COMPANY
(LIMITED).

STATIONS AT PRESENT OPEN:—

BUENOS AYRES,	RETIRO,
COLONIA,	BELGRANO,
SAN JOSE,	OLIVOS,
MONTEVIDEO,	SAN ISIDRO,
ROSARIO, B. O.,	SAN FERNANDO,

TIGRE.

Tariff of Charges for Telegrams:—
Ten Words, exclusive of Address, $50m c., or $2m/n.
For every additional Ten Words, $25m, c., or $1m/n
Hours of Business:—
Week-Days (including Feast), ..8 a.m. to 7 p.m.
Sundays, 9 a.m. to 10 p.m., and 5 p.m. to 6 p.m.

Through Messages can now be forwarded or received at any of the above Stations on the Northern Railway, to any Station of the Telegraph Co., the Tariff being—
From Buenos Ayres to the Tigre, &c., and vice versa, Ten Words, ... $20m c.
Every additional Five Words, ... $10m c.
From the Tigre, or other Stations on the Northern Railway, to Montevideo, or Stations in the Banda Oriental, Ten Words..... $70m/c.
Every additional Ten Words, ... $35m c.

Messages for Mail Steamers taken on the Morning of the departure of the Mails from Montevideo for Rio and Europe.

By Order,
JOHN OLDHAM,
Superintendent and Engineer

G. R. GEPP AND CO.
Commission Merchants,
37A, RUA DO HOSPICIO,
RIO DE JANEIRO,
AGENTS FOR
Silicated Carbon Filter Company.
Plumbago Patent Crucible Company.
Dr. Locock's Pulmonic Wafers.
Rowland's Toilet Requisites.
259,xp,o30

PEYREDIEU Y BRADLEY,
Consignatarios de Frutos del Pais,
Wool Brokers,
OFFICE—259 CALLE PERU.
21 | xp o10

THE LARGEST, MOST USEFUL, AND BEST ASSORTED STOCK OF GROCERY, DRAPERY, IRONMONGERY, READY-MADE CLOTHING, AND GENERAL CAMP STORES,
WILL BE FOUND AT THE
HIBERNIAN HOUSE,
64, 66, 68—CALLE PIEDAD—64, 66, 68.
100p,xp,dw,o1

LONDON AND RIVER PLATE BANK (LIMITED.)

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80

Authorised Capital .....£2,000,000 sterling.
Subscribed Capital .....£1,500,000 do.
Reserve Fund Jan. 1868.....£145,000 do.

Current accounts opened with parties properly introduced and interest allowed on credit balances.

Customers have the advantage of drawing cheques—of having approved bills discounted—of obtaining loans upon negotiable securities—of depositing bills, coupons, &c. for collection—and of lodging with the Bank valuable property in the fire proof strong rooms for safe custody.

Deposit Accounts—Deposits received from the public generally—either for fixed periods or subject to seven or thirty days notice of withdrawal—Interest on which is regulated by the market value of money, the bank notifying any change in the rate by advertisement in the principal daily papers.

Bill of Exchange—issued on the following places—

London,	Hamburg,
Dublin,	Genoa,
Liverpool,	Rio de Janeiro,
Paris,	Montevideo,
Antwerp,	Rosario & Cordoba.

All Branches of the National Bank of Scotland

J. H. GREEN.
Manager.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 1, 1868.

London and River Plate Bank
(LIMITED).

80—CALLE DE LA PIEDAD—80.

The rates of interest allowed and charged by the Bank will be as follows, till further notice:

ALLOWED.

On deposits in both currencies in account current, } 5 per cent.
On do. do. for 90 days fixed, 7 "
On do. do. subject to 30 days notice of withdrawal, } 7 "

CHARGED.

On debit balances in account current in both currencies, } 12 per cent.

J. H. GREEN,
MANAGER.

Buenos Ayres, Jan. 20, 1868.

ENGLISH TAILOR.
39—CALLE DEFENSA—39.

JUST RECEIVED,
A GENERAL ASSORTMENT
OF
Spring and Summer Goods,
FOR
Men, Youths, and Boys,
ALSO
A Large Assortment of Ready-Made Clothing suitable for the Season.

GEORGE ELLIS,
39—CALLE DEFENSA—39.
194, xp—s29

GUINNESS'S
Celebrated Extra Stout
in quarts and pints at
BARRY & WALKER'S,
Sole Agents,
97—Calle Defensa—97.
155—xp m26

BASS'S ALE,
ON DRAUGHT AND IN BOTTLE,
AND BARCLAY AND PERKINS'S
LONDON STOUT,
AT
THE CASINO,
ALONGSIDE THE BOLSA.

SANTILLAN AND CO.,
Consignatarios de Fruitos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Brokers,
90 CALLE PIEDRAS.
14,xp,a2

BRITISH HOSPITAL.

Notice is hereby Given, that, in accordance with the Resolutions passed at the General Meeting of Subscribers to this Institution, the Committee of Management for the ensuing Twelve Months has been formed as follows, viz.:—
Mr. John P. Boyd, Chairman.
Mr. Thos. Drysdale, Treasurer.
Mr. S. K. Jordan, Secretary.
Mr. Francis Younger.
Mr. Charles Murray.

Applications for admission can be made to the Secretary, at No. 136 Calle Florida, or to other Members of the Committee; and Persons wishing to subscribe can do so at the Office of the Treasurer, No. 64 Calle Moreno.

BY ORDER.
Buenos Ayres, 6th April, 1868. 62,xp,s8

TORRES Y SCHICKEDANTZ—Comisionistas de hacienda vacuna, yeguariza y lanar para saladero y matadero, Corrales del Sud, Calle de Estados Unidos 211, idem Defensa 179. 25 xp a5

PHOTOGRAPHIC GALLERY
74—BELGRANO—74,
(Over the "Standard" Office).
Photographs on Porcelain, latest out, from $50.
Natural Size Photographs, $200.
Photographs for Lockets and Breast Pins, $40.
Cartes-de-Visite, $50 per Dozen.
Cartes-de-Visite, Double Background, $100 per Dozen.
Copies taken in Natural Size, however Small or Decayed may be the Original.
Parties from the Camp Promptly Attended to:
Successors to MEEKS & KELSEY.
9,xp,F7

PASSENGERS FROM LIVERPOOL TO BUENOS AYRES.

RIVER PLATE STEAM-SHIP ASSOCIATION.

The Undersigned are authorised to grant Tickets here to Persons wishing to bring out their Friends by Messrs. Lamport and Holt's Line of Steamers, leaving Liverpool each Month for this Port direct.

Terms—Cabin, £40 sterling.
Steerage, £20 "

Children.—Infants under one year, free; above and under 12 years, half fare; above 12 years, full fare.

These Boats, being so favourably known on this Route, offer superior advantages to Passengers.

HENRY A. GREEN and CO.,
Consignees;
GREEN, LEROSSIGNOL, and CO.,
Brokers.
172,1m,m23

BRITISH AND GERMAN HOTEL,
72—CALLE MEXICO—72.

The Undersigned respectfully begs to intimate to his Friends and the Public generally, that he has excellent accommodation, well-aired Beds, &c. Bill of fare per day, $30, with Tea or Coffee Night and Morning. Breakfast from Half-past Nine a.m.; Dinner from Half-past Four p.m. Boots Cleaned.

Day Boarders on reasonable terms.
201,1m,m28 ROBERT WILDE.

REGISTRY OFFICE,
No. 50, CALLE 25 DE MAYO.

NOTICE TO THE PUBLIC.

The above Office has been established with the view of facilitating the Employment of Servants, Agricultural, Mechanical, and Domestic. The Proprietor will endeavour, by careful and strict inquiry, to supply a class of Servants who shall possess qualifications in accordance with certificates given.

In making this announcement, the Proprietor respectfully requests that in order to prevent mutual disappointment and dissatisfaction, Persons requiring Servants will be explicit in their directions, and that those seeking Employment will state the extent of their efficiency and no more.

The Public are assured that all orders will receive prompt and earnest attention.

In addition to the above, the Proprietor has also established a House and Land Agency Business.

CHARLES WHITSITT.
Buenos Ayres, May 28, 1868. 210,1w,m24

THE
PROVINCIAL BANK
OF BUENOS AYRES.

BUSINESS HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M.

Deposits of not less than $400 m/c. and $6.16 received. These deposits will not be entitled to interest if retired before the expiration of sixty days from the date of such deposit; after sixty days they will be entitled to interest from the date of the deposit. All interests not collected shall at the end of each year be capitalized. All deposits at interest shall be entered in a book which the Bank will deliver to the depositors, in which all payments of interest and capital shall be entered, and all interest shall be payable after the first of the month or on retiring the deposit.

The Bank also receives deposits in account current, payable at sight, as above-mentioned.

The Bank discounts bills with two signatures having from seven to ninety days to run; it also discounts mercantile bills of from seven days to six months, on the condition that at maturity they are paid in full.

The Bank draws at sight upon the following branches:—

DOLORES,	CHIVILCOY,
SAN NICOLAS,	MERCEDES,
LOBOS.	

The Bank pays commission to Brokers on the first discounting of bills and promissory notes.

LOANS TO THE WORKING CLASSES.

The Bank lends to artizans and operatives sums from three to twenty thousand dollars on their own signature, taking as security a document with any well-known signature

CREDITS IN ACCOUNT CURRENT.

1st. The Bank opens accounts current for commercial houses.

2nd. The security to be either personal, or with documentary values.

3rd. In each case the Bank shall fix the amount of credit.

4th. The Directory shall from time to time arrange the interest chargeable *pro* and *contra*.

5th. Each account shall be liquidated every 60 days.

6th. A pass-book will be given to parties opening accounts current, for entry of cheques and sums deposited.

Till further notice the rates shall be as follows—
Balances in our favor, 6 per cent.
" favor of customers, 2 "

RATES OF INTEREST.

ALLOWS—
To private depositors, 6 per cent. per annum m/c.
Do., do., 6 do., do., specie.
To private depositors, in account current, 2 per cent. per annum do.
Do., do., 2 do., do., cur.

CHARGES—
Discounts in currency, 8 per cent. per annum.
Do., specie, 8 do., do.,

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
SECRETARY.

Buenos Ayres, March 28, 1867.

NOTICE.—Whereas, it having come under my notice that some foolish or evil-disposed parties have deformed the new notes, by cutting or otherwise obliterating the effigy, and thereby rendering falsification more easy, the Public are hereby warned not to accept such Bills, as the Bank will not receive them.

E. V. ZAMUDIO,
SECRETARY.

Buenos Ayres, Oct. 9, 1867. 183 | xp,m29

ALLIANCE BRITISH AND FOREIGN LIFE AND FIRE ASSURANCE COMPANY,
BARTHOLOMEW LANE, LONDON.

CAPITAL FIVE MILLIONS STERLING.

ESTABLISHED MARCH, 1824.

BOARD OF DIRECTORS:—

President—
Sir Moses Montefiore, Bart., F.R.S.

Directors—
James Alexander, Esq. (Alexander, Fletcher, & Co).
Charles George Barnett, Esq. (Barnett, Hoares, Hanburys, & Lloyd).
George Henry Barnett, Esq., Glympton Park, Woodstock.
James Fletcher, Esq. (Alexander, Fletcher, & Co).
William Gladstone, Esq. (Thomson, Bonar, & Co).
Right Hon. George Joachim Goschen, M.P.
Samuel Gurney, Esq., M.P. for Penryn and Falmouth.
James Helme, Esq., Director of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.
Sampson Lucas, Esq. (Lucas, Micholls, & Co).
Elliot MacNaghten, Esq., Member of the Indian Council.
Thomas Masterman, Esq., Collingwood House, Brighton.
Joseph Mayer Montefiore, Esq., Director of the Provincial Bank of Ireland.
Sir Anthony de Rothschild, Bart., New Court.
Baron Lionel Nathan de Rothschild, M.P.
Thomas Charles Smith, Esq., Oxford Square, Hyde Park.

Auditors—
Richard Hoare, Esq. (Hoare, Miller, & Co).
Sir Thomas Fowell Buxton, Bart., M.P.
Sir Curtis Miranda Lampsord, Bart.

The Company insures against loss or Damage by Fire Private Dwelling-Houses, Goods Deposited in Specific Warehouses of Stone or Brick, &c., &c.; and also issues "Floating Policies," extending to the Custom-House and all or any of the Private and Bonded Stores.

The whole advantages which can possibly be contemplated by those desiring to effect Fire Insurances, may be resolved into the following:—
1st. Security.
2nd. Honor and liberality on the part of the Company, in whose hands they place their interest; and
3rd. The purchase of these advantages at a moderate rate.

It will be found that all these are presented by this Company to the Public in an eminent degree.

The Company's large Capital, under the immediate management of the Directors of this Establishment, affords perfect security to the Assured, while it may confidently assert, from the Constitution of the Board of Direction, from the character of its present Members, and from the qualifications which will be deemed indispensable in their successors, that the highest honor and liberality will ever characterize all its transactions.

It has been the object of the Directors, in their minor arrangements, to afford every possible facility to those effecting Assurances with the Alliance, and the undersigned hold a Power of Attorney enabling them to settle at once any Losses that may occur from Fire, Lightning, or Explosions of Gas in Buildings, on or in which this Company has granted Assurances.

Any further information can be obtained on application to

GLOVER DARBISHIRE & CO.,
149,xp,Jy27 17 Calle Florida.

DONOVAN AND BENTHAM
WOOL & GENERAL PRODUCE BROKERS
117—CALLE BOLIVAR—117.
225—12mn 28

JOHN THOMSON, & CO.
SHIPBROKER,
SURVEYOR AND ADJUSTER OF GENERAL AVERAGES.
OFFICE—20 CALLE LA BAJADO
ROSARIO. 17,xpF5

GERMAN BURMEISTER,
Consignatario de Frutos del Pais,
Wool and Produce Broker,
105—CALLE VENEZUELA—105.

CENTRAL URUGUAY RAILWAY.

The undersigned have been appointed agents in this city, by the Montevidean Directory, to enrol subscribers for this great national enterprise.

Prospectus, etc., can be seen at this office,
M. G. and E. T. MULHALL,
Standard Office, Buenos Ayres.

ENGLISH LIBRARY, MONTEVIDEO.

G. BEHRENS, Successor to Spruneck & Co., respectfully informs the Foreign Public of the River Plate of his receipt of a large consignment of valuable Literary Works, comprising many productions of the best English writers. Always on hand a large stock of the best French and British Stationery.

103 CALLE ZAVALA, MONTEVIDEO.
57,xp,Jy9

"THE QUEEN"
FIRE AND LIFE INSURANCE COMPANY.

CAPITAL, £2,000,000.

INCOME, £160,000.

LIVERPOOL AND LONDON.

Insurances against loss or damage by fire may be effected with this Company on Dwelling Houses, Warehouses, Buildings, Merchandize and Goods in the Custom-house, Bonded Stores, and private ones, Produce in the Barracas or in Deposit Stores, in the Lighters or on Board; and on nearly every description of property.

Rates of premium vary according to the nature of the risks, and will be found as moderate as those of other first-class offices.

Losses by Explosion of Gas paid for. Loses by fire arising from lightning made good.

The advantages obtained by those who assure with the "Queen" are fully mentioned in the prospectuses. Life Policies are indisputable; advances to policy holders, &c. The "Queen" enoys to so great an extent the confidence and support of the public in England that the Postmaster-General has selected it, for the insurance of the lives of the clerks and other officials.

The undersigned General Agent of the Queen Fire and Life Insurance Company is duly authorized by power of attorney to issue policies and to settle and pay losses in Buenos Ayres with promptitude and liberality, without reference to the chief office in England.

Official registration has been entered in the Registro Publico, in accordance with the existing laws of this Republic.

Apply for Insurances and other details from 11 to 3 daily, No. 121 Calle 25 Mayo, corner of Corrientes, to

CONSTANT SANTA-MARIA,
General Agent of the Company.
. 181 1y—a3

GREAT SOUTHERN RAILWAY.

On and after 15th of April, 1868, the Trains will run as follows:—

DOWN TRAINS.

SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS.

STATIONS.	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
25 de Mayo. dep.	7 45	9 50	12 15	3 35	7 35
Retiro. "	8 0	10 5	12 30	3 50	7 50
Palermo* "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belgrano. "	8 20	10 25	12 50	4 5	8 5
Rivadavia* "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Olivos. "	8 35	10 40	1 5	4 20	8 20
San Isidro. "	8 50	10 55	1 20	4 35	8 35
S. Fernando. "	9 5	11 10	1 35	4 50	8 50
Tigre..... arr.	9 15	11 20	1 45	5 0	9 0

WEEK DAYS.

STATIONS.	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Tigre..... dep.	7 45	9 50	12 15	3 35	7 35
San Fernando. "	7 55	10 0	12 25	3 45	7 45
San Isidro. "	8 10	10 15	12 40	4 0	8 0
Olivos. "	8 25	10 30	12 55	4 15	8 15
Rivadavia* "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Belgrano. "	8 40	10 45	1 10	4 30	8 30
Palermo* "	.....	.....	.....	.....	.....
Retiro. "	8 55	11 0	1 25	4 45	8 45
25 de Mayo. arr.	9 0	11 5	1 30	4 50	8 50

SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS.

STATIONS.	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Buenos Ayres	7 30	8 10	9 30	12 0	3 0
Plaza Constitucion	7 40	8 30	9 40	12 15	3 15
North Barracas	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Barracas	7 53	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lomas de Zamora	.....	8 40	10 0	12 25	3 25
Bursaco	.....	8 45	10 5	12 30	3 30
Glow	.....	8 50	10 10	12 35	3 35
San Vicente	.....	8 55	10 15	12 40	3 40
Donselaar	.....	9 0	10 20	12 45	3 45
Ferrari	.....	9 5	10 25	12 50	3 50
Jepponar	.....	9 10	10 30	12 55	3 55
Altamirano	.....	9 15	10 35	1 0	4 0
Gandara	.....	9 20	10 40	1 5	4 5
Chascomus	.....	9 26	10 46	1 11	4 11
Tigre	.....	9 35	10 55	1 20	4 20

WEEK DAYS.

STATIONS.	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Tigre	7 22	8 35	9 22	12 35	5
Chascomus	7 13	8 25	9 12	12 25	5
Gandara	7 3	8 16	9 3	12 16	4 55
Altamirano	6 53	8 6	8 53	12 6	4 45
Jepponar	6 48	8 0	8 48	11 55	4 40
Ferrari	6 43	7 55	8 43	11 50	4 35
Donselaar	6 38	7 50	8 38	11 45	4 30
San Vicente	6 33	7 45	8 33	11 40	4 25
Glow	6 28	7 40	8 28	11 35	4 20
Bursaco	6 23	7 35	8 23	11 30	4 15
Lomas de Zamora	6 18	7 30	8 18	11 25	4 10
South Barracas	6 13	7 25	8 13	11 20	4 5
North Barracas	6 8	7 20	8 8	11 15	4 0
Plaza Constitucion	6 3	7 15	8 3	11 10	3 55
Buenos Ayres	5 55	7 7	7 55	11 0	3 45

SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS.

STATIONS.	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Tigre	7 22	8 35	9 22	12 35	5
Chascomus	7 12	8 25	9 12	12 25	4 55
Gandara	7 3	8 16	9 3	12 16	4 45
Altamirano	6 53	8 6	8 53	12 6	4 35
Jepponar	6 48	8 0	8 48	11 55	4 30
Ferrari	6 43	7 55	8 43	11 50	4 25
Donselaar	6 38	7 50	8 38	11 45	4 20
San Vicente	6 33	7 45	8 33	11 40	4 15
Glow	6 28	7 40	8 28	11 35	4 10
Bursaco	6 23	7 35	8 23	11 30	4 5
Lomas de Zamora	6 18	7 30	8 18	11 25	4 0
South Barracas	6 13	7 25	8 13	11 20	3 55
North Barracas	6 8	7 20	8 8	11 15	3 50
Plaza Constitucion	6 3	7 15	8 3	11 10	3 45
Buenos Ayres	5 55	7 7	7 55	11 0	3 35

WEEK DAYS.

STATIONS.	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Tigre	7 22	8 35	9 22	12 35	5
Chascomus	7 12	8 25	9 12	12 25	4 55
Gandara	7 3	8 16	9 3	12 16	4 45
Altamirano	6 53	8 6	8 53	12 6	4 35
Jepponar	6 48	8 0	8 48	11 55	4 30
Ferrari	6 43	7 55	8 43	11 50	4 25
Donselaar	6 38	7 50	8 38	11 45	4 20
San Vicente	6 33	7 45	8 33	11 40	4 15
Glow	6 28	7 40	8 28	11 35	4 10
Bursaco	6 23	7 35	8 23	11 30	4 5
Lomas de Zamora	6 18	7 30	8 18	11 25	4 0
South Barracas	6 13	7 25	8 13	11 20	3 55
North Barracas	6 8	7 20	8 8	11 15	3 50
Plaza Constitucion	6 3	7 15	8 3	11 10	3 45
Buenos Ayres	5 55	7 7	7 55	11 0	3 35

DEPARTS.

RETURNS.

SUNDAYS AND HOLIDAYS.

STATIONS.	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2	1 & 2
	A. M.	A. M.	P. M.	P. M.	P. M.
Buenos Ayres	7 30	8 10	9 30	12 0	3 0
Plaza Constitucion	7 40	8 30	9 40	12 15	3 15
North Barracas	7 50	.....	.....	.....	.....
South Barracas	7 53	.....	.....	.....	.....
Lomas de Zamora	.....	8 40	10 0	12 25	3 25
Bursaco	.....	8 45	10 5	12 30	3 30
Glow	.....	8 50	10 10	12 35	3 35
San Vicente	.....	8 55	10 15	12 40	3 40
Donselaar	.....	9 0	10 20	12 45	3 45
Ferrari	.....	9 5	10 25	12 50	3 50
Jepponar	.....	9 10	10 30	12 55	3 55
Altamirano	.....	9 15	10 35	1 0	4 0
Gandara	.....	9 20	10 40	1 5	4 5
Chascomus	.....	9 26	10 46	1 11	4 11
Tigre	.....	9 35	10 55	1 20	4 20

TEATRO COLON

COMPAÑIA LIRICA ITALIANA.

1ª Funcion de la 2ª Temporada,
DOMINGO, 7 JUNIO, 1868,
MARIA DE ROHAN.
A las ocho.

Theatre Franco Argentin

BOUFFES PARISIENS.

TO-NIGHT (Sunday), 7TH JUNE, 1868.

Third Appearance of
MDLLE. GANDON,

LES CHEVALIERS DU PINCE NEZ,
Comedie Vaudeville. In Two Acts.
Mdlle. GANDON will perform the Part of "Fauvette."

LES FORFAITS DE PIPERMAN.
Vaudeville. In One Act.
To commence at Eight o'Clock.

ARGENTINE BANK,
31, 33, and 35 San Martin.

BANKING HOURS FROM 10 A.M. TO 4 P.M

The rate of interest until further notice will be—
ALLOWS.
On account current, - 7 per cent. per annum.
Thirty days' notice (for the present), - - 8 „ „ „
Ninety days' notice, - 9 „ „ „
CHARGES
On specie and currency 15 „ „ „
Money advanced on current account.
Bills and pagares discounted on conventional terms.

SAVINGS' BANK
Open from 10 a.m. to 4 p.m.
On specie and currency 6 per cent. per annum.
A. MARCO DEL PONT.
JOSE B. SALA.
Buenos Ayres, March 1, 1868. 5,xp

Metropolitan Exchange,
87, CALLE CORRIENTES,
CROWDED EVERY NIGHT.

TO-NIGHT
WILL TAKE PLACE
THE DEBUT OF THE NEW COMPANY.

Mdlle. AMELIA TESIO will sing "La Palmera" and "El Crudo Tucumano"—Spanish Songs; "Una Canzione Neapolitana"—Italian Song.
GRAND AIR DE LA TRAVIATA.
Opera de Verdi.
CAVATINI AL BALLO IN MASCHERA.
Opera de Verdi.
MDLLE. MARIE—Danseuse de Ballet.
French Comic Songs, by LOUIS DE PAZ,
And various other Singers.
To commence at 8 p.m.
Entrance—TEN Dollars. 244,1m,m30

NAVARRO RACES,
TO COMMENCE
ON 14TH SEPTEMBER, 1868.

[Open to the English-speaking Community—viz., English, Irish, Americans, &c.]

FIRST RACE—ONE O'CLOCK.
THE AMATEUR STAKES.—Distance, 10 squares. Weight of riders, 145lbs. Entrance, $200—$500 added.
SECOND RACE—TWO O'CLOCK.
THE NAVARRO SWEEPSTAKES.—Distance, 20 squares. Weight of riders, 145lbs. Entrance, $200—$500 added.
THIRD RACE—THREE O'CLOCK.
THE NAVARRO CUP.—Distance, 20 squares. Weight, 150lbs. The Cup must be won two years in succession by the same horse. Entrance, $200, with $500 added. The Entrances and added money in this Race will be given to the winner each year.

RULES.
1st. Horses entered must be the bonâ fide property of foreigners.
2nd. Any Rider convicted of unfair riding shall have his Horse placed last.
3rd. Each Race shall be started with a flag, and not more than three partidos allowed when the Horses are brought together for the start.
4th. Gentlemen Riders are required in all the Races. Entries must be made, on or before the 5th of SEPTEMBER, in writing, giving name, colour, and name of Owner of Horse, and enclosing Entrance Money.
Letters can be addressed, in Buenos Ayres, to Mr. T. DUGGAN, 11 25 de Setiembre; or to Mr. T. FALLON, 66 Piedad; and in Camp, to Mr. EDWARD CASEY, Navarro.
Entries of Horses made on the Ground the Day of the Races will be $300 in each case.
247,1m,m31

BUENOS AYRES SOUTHERN RACES.
The SPRING MEETING will be held at Mr. WILLIAM RANDALL'S, POSTA DE SUTTON, near the Jeppener Station of the Southern Railway, on the 8th and 9th of SEPTEMBER NEXT.
The Program of the Races will be published shortly. 240,15p,m30

BRITISH NEWSPAPER AGENCY.
23—CALLE DEFENSA—23.
The undersigned respectfully request Subscribers to Newspapers and Magazines ordered through them, to call and pay without further delay their Subscriptions ended during the year 1867, and also those payable in advance for the year 1868, already due, and as yet not paid for; otherwise we shall be under the necessity of suspending immediately their Periodicals.
Those wishing to discontinue the Subscription to their Newspapers or Magazines will please address to us in writing same, allowing three months from date, to enable us to advise our Agents in London to stop said Periodicals.
CLAYPOLE BROS.
Buenos Ayres, Feb. 5, 1868. xp,F25

REMOVAL.
J. F. VAN OPPEN
Has Removed to his New Premises,
Nos. 59, 60, AND 61, PASEO DE JULIO.
52,1m,a7

FOR MONTEVIDEO.
Will Load for said destination, if sufficient Cargo offers, the fine Dutch Schooner
BUENOS AYRES,
3/3 1 1, 50 Tons Register,
Capt. ORRE.
Can receive at once, and in the Inner Roads.
For further particulars please apply to the Consignees,
Messrs. C. LANGELAAN & CO.,
Calle San Martin.
Or to
CHAS. WM. BENN & CO.,
Shipbrokers,
59,6pj6 No. 49, Calle 25 de Mayo.

BRITISH BRIG CAMBYSES.
Sealed Tenders will be received in the BRITISH CONSULATE until the 10th Instant for the Advance of an Amount not exceeding about £1,000 sterling on Bottomry Security of the Ship, now Loading for Liverpool: said amount having been expended in Repairs and Disbursements in this Port:
FRANK PARISH, Consul.
GEORGE E. HARRIS, Master.
Buenos Ayres, June 4, 1868. 54,6pj5

BUENOS AYRES BRITISH LIBRARY,
No. 5 CALLE DEFENSA.
The following completely new Works have arrived by last Packet for the Library:—
Kaye's Indian Officers. 2 vols.
Lamont's Life among the Pacific Islanders.
Hayes' Polar Sea Voyages.
Lorme's Trips to the Tropics.
The Iliad of Homer—Lord Derby's Translation. 2 vols.
The Huguenot Family. 3 vols. S. Tytler.
The White Cockade. 3 vols. James Grant.
Denis Duval. W. M. Thackeray.
Birds of Prey. Miss Braddon.
The Last Chronicle of Barset. 2 vols. A. Trollope.
Dyer's Pompeii: its Antiquities and Discoveries, &c.
Mrs. Caudle's Curtain Lectures. Douglas Jerrold. 51,10pj6

DANISH CONSULATE
Parties knowing the whereabouts of the following Danish subjects are requested, with as little delay as possible, to communicate same to this Consulate, No. 86 CALLE PARQUE:—Frederick Rerdam. When last heard of was residing at Las Nutrias, in the Province of Buenos Ayres, and presumed to have been carried away by the Indians; and Theodore Christian Nicolai Heboe, aged 18½ years, who was some time ago at Concordia, leaving afterwards for Salto, in the Banda Oriental.
Buenos Ayres, June 4, 1868. 52,15pj5

MR. NICHOLSON is happy to inform his Friends and the Public that, having REMOVED his Establishment to the spacious and well-ventilated Premises, No. 85 TACUARI, he is now enabled to receive an increased number of Boarders, Half-Boarders, and Day Scholars.
55,6pj5

"BRAZIL AND RIVER PLATE MAIL," Published in London after Arrival of each Fortnightly Mail from South America.
Subscriptions will be received, or Copies furnished, on application to
CLAYPOLE, BROTHERS,
25 Defensa-street.
N.B.—Copies delivered two hours after Arrival of each Mail. 47,xpj5

ENGLISH AND AMERICAN NOVELS.—A very large Assortment, by all the popular and best Authors, is always to be found at LOEDEL'S, 75 SAN MARTIN. New English and American Publications received Monthly. N.B.—A Liberal Discount allowed to Wholesale Buyers. 48,6pj5

ENCYCLOPÆDIA BRITANNICA.—The Last Edition, 22 Vols., beautifully bound in half Russia. Two Copies to be Sold at once for about one-half of the usual selling price, to make room for other Goods. Call immediately with $2,500 m/c., and you will get a copy at LOEDEL'S, 75 SAN MARTIN. 49,6pj5

BANCO ARGENTINO
The Committee of Directors in Buenos Ayres invite the Shareholders to make a Power of Attorney in favour of Don BERNARDO ITURRASPE to Represent them in the Assembly which will be held in ROSARIO on the 10TH OF JUNE NEXT, for the Discussion of various matters of general interest to the Establishment, especially the TRANSFER of the General Management to this City.
Parties willing to sign such Document can apply at 33 SAN MARTIN, on or before SATURDAY, 6th instant.
THE COMMITTEE.
Buenos Ayres, May 28, 1868. 31,10p,m30

SUBSCRIPTION TO THE *STANDARD*
$30 PER MONTH.

ADVERTISEMENTS
NOT EXCEEDING FIVE LINES,
INSERTED SIX TIMES FOR $10.

TO CORRESPONDENTS.

No notice can be taken of anonymous communications. Whatever is intended for insertion must be authenticated by the name and address of the writer; not necessarily for publication, but as a guarantee of good faith.

The Standard.

"Nil falsi audeam, nil veri non audeam dicere."
CICERO.

SUNDAY, JUNE 7, 1868.

SPECIAL TELEGRAMS TO 'STANDARD."

LATEST FROM MONTEVIDEO.

Montevideo, June 6, 1 a.m.

Greater concourse of people than ever at the Italian and Montevidean Banks.

Business at a stand for want of cash. Everyone demanding gold in payment of accounts.

The Commission it is said are now going through the accounts of Mauá Bank. They speak most favorably of its solvency.

Weather very damp and hazy.

5.30 p.m.

Bolsa deserted. No business done. All quiet.

Exchange upon London not yet opened.

Mauá notes sold at discount, but confidence in them slightly improving.

Weather very damp.

THE MEETING.

We fully coincide with Governor Alsina in his excellent reply to the Chief of Police, Mr. O'Gorman, that although the people have an unalienable right to meet and discuss the questions of the day in a most public manner, the exercise of this privilege at the present juncture is highly impolitic. The meeting which is convened for to-day is of so exclusively a political character that we foreigners have nothing much to do with it, and as there are not wanting on such occasions parties disposed to create a disturbance, the most discreet course, gentle readers, is to honour the assembly with your absence. We intrude this advice, owing to the general invitation to foreigners to attend, and the imposing display of preparations going on yesterday afternoon for a riot.

Doubtless we all take an interest in the result of the Presidential election, but since we have no vote we are as it were but privileged spectators of the electoral strife. There may be a few who so intensely admire stump oratory that a "caucus" held in the Plaza Victoria is for them the most entertainining of all amusements, but party feeling is at the moment at its height; a band of irresponsible electors may break out into "vivas" and "mueras," which many of our countrymen may neither sympathize with, nor even comprehend.

The case of the French barber in Montevideo is still fresh in our memory; he, poor fellow, narrowly escaped, owing to his ignorance of the language or inattention to what was going on. The officers, soldiers, and mob were shouting out "viva" this and "viva" that; the enthusiastic Frenchman joined in, and repeated the "vivas;" suddenly the shouts were changed to "mueras," but the Frenchman continued with the "vivas;" in an instant he was throttled, the sword's point placed at his breast, and the next moment would have been his last, but for the timely intervention of an Englishman present.

We have no good reason for supposing that there will be any disturbance in the Plaza to-day, although many anticipate a riot, but discretion in such cases is the best part of valor, and the breezy gardens of Watson, or the amphibious sports at the Tigre, offer more innocent pleasures on a serene Sabbath afternoon, than the Demosthenic efforts of Argentine politicians:

EDITOR'S TABLE.

Yesterday the mails from Montevideo brought up the highly interesting and important news, that the committee named by Government to inspect the Mauá books, not only reported in the most favorable manner as to the strictly solvent condition of the bank, but also testified to the admirable state of the books, well kept with simplicity and exactness; some of the foreigners on the committee state that the books may indeed be regarded as the model for bank book-keeping. Several Englishmen arrived up yesterday from Montevideo, they all state that public opinion respecting the Baron has completely veered round, he is regarded to-day as the real master of the situation. Gold keeps arriving for his bank from Rio and Europe.

The telegrams yesterday from Montevideo represent the crisis as worse than ever. The collecting clerks through the city demand gold, but receive everywhere paper, and the crowds around some of the banks greater than on any previous day. The crisis has now held out a week; every man, woman and child in Montevideo still holds paper money; only a very few have been able to obtain specie, and the public are disgusted. It is right, however, to remark that, in consequence of the very general complaints on the slow payments of the banks, Sr. Guimaraens, of the Italian Bank, has put on three extra clerks as paying tellers; at least so we read in the Montevidean papers.

The fog yesterday detained the City of Buenos Ayres, which arrived at a very late hour. She has brought a full list of passengers and complete files of London papers to the 4th for our office.

The City of Limerick passengers report a truly terrible time of it. When leaving Falmouth the Captain and even crew protested against the enormous amount of cargo on board, and yet fifty tons of coal were sent on board. At last she got under weigh, and when about 250 miles out a storm came on; she was so heavily laden and so deep in the water that the waves washed over her. Mr. Schlieper found in his cabin over a foot of water; soon the fires were all put out save two; all the passengers had to set to and bale out the ship, and it was with the greatest difficulty they got back to Falmouth. The rudder got out of order, and the Captain found it almost impossible to turn the steamer, after immense exertions with boats and planks they got round, and headed back for Falmouth.

Yesterday 9 Angora goats arrived here from Montevideo, en route for Cordova: they cost 1400 pats. They proceed to Rosario by steamer, thence in the train to Villa Nueva, and thence to the estancia of Messrs. Barker, Kaulen and Co. by bullock carts. We hope they will do well and prove a profitable investment. They come from the establishment of Messrs. Guiod, in Montevideo.

Yesterday there was a secret session in Congress; Dr. Elizalde, Minister of Foreign Affairs, attended. The great question was the Triple Alliance treaty, that eternal subject of discord. We, of course, know nothing of what transpired.

President Mitre, it seems, is about to despatch Sr. Dn. Delfin Huergo to Rio, and to Montevideo, to notify the respective Cabinets, that as things look, there may be difficulties as to his continuing as Commander-in-Chief on the election of the new President, and to know their views on the possible change in events.

The 'Pueblo' of Friday published a lengthy letter in reply to President Mitre's letter to Urquiza. The letter in question is remarkably severe, and is written with such logic, that it is attributed to a lawyer.

To-day we give our readers a graphic letter from an Englishman at headquarters describing the invasion of the Chaco. It is beyond all question the best paper we have seen on the subject, and may be relied on coming from an eye-witness.

Passengers from Montevideo gave us a most miserable picture of the state of things at present. At the hotel they insist on gold, at the diligence office gold; foreign captains are protesting against foreign houses for nonpayment in gold—all shout for gold; but no gold is to be had. It cost 6 per cent. to get paper changed, 3 per cent. to a man to wait at the bank, and 3 per cent. to the policeman to get in. People with over $5,000 to change are not even allowed in.

We have much pleasure in saluting Mr. Banfield, the able manager of the Southern Railway, who landed yesterday from the Hipparchus, in the enjoyment of fully recovered health.

Our readers will see by reference to our advertising columns that Mr. Douglas has come to fill a void that was greatly felt here. Mr. Douglas is a member of the London College of Veterinary Surgeons, and his diplomas which are in perfect order, have been deposited with Mr. Cranwell of Calle Rivadavia where they may be inspected by any person who before employing Mr. Douglas's professional services should wish to see them. A native gentleman who consulted Mr. Douglas about a valuable horse that had been ailing for more than a year, and seemed to be incurable, has expressed to us the greatest satisfaction at the treatment adopted by Mr. Douglas owing to which, his horse is in a fair way to complete recovery.

The *Republica* which from its strenuous advocacy for the Urquiza-Alsina combination is now looked upon as the official organ of the Provincial Government, published yesterday a notice, deprecatory of the public political meetings announced for to-day. We fully concur with our worthy colleague in thinking that such demonstrations can lead to no practical result, and in the present heated state of political passion may give rise to deplorable consequences. We can only recommend all sensible persons to abstain from attending, and trust our advice may not be given in vain, particularly to foreigners.

A new star has suddenly appeared at the Franco-Argentine Theatre, and seems likely by her brilliant lustre to galvanise into new life the almost extinct popularity of this once favorite resort. Mdlle. Gandon is not a singer of a high order, but she is an artist at heart in the most extensive sense of the word, and her performance is not only charming by its originality and effortless though very artistic naivete, but by what we can only describe as the poetry of sensualism. Her every gesture, her every look, betray such refined and yet such innocent voluptuousness that she electrifies her audience by an irresistible fascination—

Few her looks—but every one
Like unexpected light surprises.
Oh, my Mademoiselle Gandon,
My gentle, sprightly, dear Gandon:
Beauty lies
In many eyes,
But Love in yours, my sweet Gandon.

To-night she is to make her real *debut* in the popular and well-known "Les Chevaliers du Pince Nez," in the part of the grisette Fauvette—and, as in order to appreciate her, she ought to be seen, we recommend all those who are true lovers of art, and not troubled with Puritanical fastidiousness, to go and judge for themselves. We can safely promise them an agreeable evening.

As soon as General Urquiza heard of the revolution in Corrientes he called under arms all the provincial forces of Entre Rios, and officially informed the National Government of having done so, and that he was waiting for orders to put down the movement. Pres. Mitre has answered that as the Corrientes revolution had assumed a legal character any interference was uncalled for; and while thanking the General for his zeal he begs he will at once disband his troops, less the Government neutrality should be compromised, or the tranquility of the neighboring Provinces disturbed.

The last news from Corrientes is that Colonel Correa, who had made some show of resistance, has sent in his submission to the new Government.

We have received the May number of the "Anales de Sociedad Rural," which is compiled as usual with most valuable materials. After a few words on the patent tube wells, it contains an interesting article by Sr. Olivera on the refuse of saladeros. This is followed by the translation of a report of the U. S. representative at the Berlin International Statistical Congress—and then by an article on small cultivation by Mr. Alvarez de Arenales. There is, besides, a paper with some very important statistical data of the immigration to the River Plate in 1867, and several others, with news and notices of general interest.

The new store of French and Parisian articles we alluded to yesterday as about to be established on the 1st of July next, by Mr. L. Docteur, is to be opened at 162 Calle Victoria—not Florida, as erroneously stated.

The members of the Philharmonic Society will meet as usual for rehearsal on Monday (to-morrow) evening, at half-past seven o'clock precisely, at the Coliseum.

THE STRONG HAND!

Buenos Ayres, June 6.

Gentlemen,

You yourselves will, no doubt, take notice of a leader in the *Tribuna* of this morning. Gladly as we acknowledge the *Standard* to be the organ of the English-speaking community, I do not think that any of us consider you as the exclusive organ of those who advocate despotism in these countries. The *Tribuna*, however, charges you with such views; and, to confess the truth, your contemporary has some motive for what he says. He has only inverted the case. He has heard numbers of Englishmen make the remark that these countries can only be governed by a "strong hand," He fancies, therefore, that as an English organ you reflect those opinons. I am sure he is mistaken; and I, for one, should feel ashamed if such retrograde and, according to my notions, superficial political sentiments were thought by native politicians to represent the opinions of the English community. These opinions are, indeed, only those of a certain class of Englishmen. The same who supported the slave-owning oligarchy of the Southern American States; the same who had a leaning to Austria not only against Prussia, but against poor prostrate Italy, and who think the existing regime in France the 'beau-ideal' of a government, and would have no objection to see it tried in Ireland. The rank and file of this party is composed of men who are by nature dogmatic and despotic; men who look only to their selfish commercial interests and deem what they term order and quietness as the last term of political perfection; and added to these there is a tag rag and bobtail of excellent people who have been taught in their church to honour the Queen and obey their superiors and to do their duty in that state of life in which they are called and not to trouble themselves with politics and nonsense. The ancient Greeks used to denominate such people "idiots." The term has of course different significations in our language. But by a beautiful disposition of Providence, these political women and children lean to the strong side, and so soon as the precursor and reformers of the age have established a principle they come over in a gang to the new views.

The *Tribuna* must know something of the struggles of English reformers against the *vis inertiæ* of the party I speak of. It can understand that in a community so essentially commercial as the British community in Buenos Ayres, the liberal views which undoubtedly exist are liable to be influenced by the odd rial in the price of a *trapo*, upon which may depend the sustenance of a "dam and her pretty chicks." The professed politicians of the *Tribuna* are not superior to such considerations. They must acknowledge that the question for foreigners in this country is not precisely between despotism and liberalism in the abstract. I would undertake to say, that were the foreigners polled, their votes would be in favor of the latter. But if liberalism is represented by a party in the State which has blundered, and become so divided as not to have the power of forming a Government, it is in such cases true liberalism to give another party the chance of trying their hands. This is the rule in the English Parliament, and in the oscillation of power from one party to the other the Government and people progress. There is in fact no more odious despotism than one sect in the state being allowed to grasp and retain the loaves and fishes for their own uses.

Whatever may have been the antecedents of General Urquiza, and of the Federal party in this country, the Federals, with all deference to the *Tribuna*, are not all gauchos. On the contrary, they number amongst them men of high standing, solidity, and talent. It is presumed they are not all Bourbons, who have learned nothing and forgotten nothing. We may reasonably expect that they know the advantages of railways and telegraphs as well as the editors of the *Tribuna*. And if telegraphs have not been established in their day, it is only that the general progress has been going on, and has reached this place since they were in power, and they are no more responsible for the non-arrival of a Mr. Oldham, or a Mr. Marcoartu during their term of office, than they would be for the failure of a periodical eclipse of the sun.

I acknowledge myself as one amongst many who are disposed to try the Urquiza-Alsina combination, as suited to a particular juncture, and am, at the same time, as fierce an opponent of the 'strong hand theory,' either here or in any other civilised country, as the editors of the *Tribuna* themselves.

I remain, &c.,
A LIBERAL.

THE MONTEVIDEAN CRISIS.

[GUARANTEED.]

Montevideo, June 4, 1868.

As you are most likely labouring under the supposition that our banks here, with the exception of Mauá & Co., are converting their notes and paying their cheques in specie, I think it advisable to inform you that conversion, in the way in which it is carried on, is a despicable farce, which calls for the loudest reproof. I had believed until now that there was a sincere intention to uphold sound economical principles, by refusing to listen to any proposal based upon total or even partial 'curso forzoso.' I must confess that I have arrived at the painful conclusion that it is merely a war waged against a bank.

It is a matter of notoriety, and openly spoken of on the Bolsa, that some of the banks have their own friends, who occupy the whole time of the paying-tellers with the change of small notes; and it is asserted that the gold or silver paid out in the day goes back into the bank in the evening. Yesterday, six individuals have been seen to have come out of one bank, and five out of another, and those all poor people, who went for small amounts.

Before being admitted you must first submit to a thorough course of elbowing and kicking, to say nothing of blows from the police weapons.

The Government has been advised of this, and cannot plead ignorance; and, instead of applying a remedy, they come forth with 'Edictos de Policia' prohibiting you, under penalty of imprisonment, from uttering a single word in disparagement of the Banks.

In what countries in the world would such conduct be tolerated?

I am a friend or an enemy of no bank, but as a true Irishman, I want justice and fair play.

There is a current rumour of an arrangement contemplated by the Government; let us hope that they will not tolerate any more abuses upon public confidence.

The banks have all formally declared in all public papers that they can pay. Let them pay, but I mean actually pay, and not make a despicable display; because the public too well understands that if a bank has sufficient specie it has no need to resort to *ruses de guerre*.

The commercial public have a right to gold and, gold they must exact. Let us get rid once for all of all shams which only perpetuate difficulties we have now a hope of shaking off.

Yours truly
ERIN.

THE RURAL CODE.

The Rural Society, on the 22d of May, appointed a special committee to examine this Code and report on what reform it may be susceptible of.

I see by advertisements in some of the papers that this committee calls on every person, who has any interest in the welfare of the country, to attend the meetings which are to be held four days in the week up to the end of June. Those so called on may exchange ideas with the committe, and, perhaps, with other intelligent rural Codifiers who may be present.

It is much easier to make laws than to enforce them, and here, we seem to take special delight in throwing every Act of Parliament to the dogs. If the reformed Code does not contain some clauses to ensure its due enforcement, the committee may as well employ their time in something more profitable. In the editorial section of the "Tribuna" of the 24th of April 1867 there is a long article entitled 'El Codigo Rural' that treats of this subject and proves that the greater part of the Code is a dead letter in many districts' if not in all. That article was written by me—the editors of that journal being kind enough to insert all my letters in a conspicuous section is another proof that they have the interests of the camp at heart, as all my letters to that journal generally treat of camp affairs; I have reason to believe that, if the political topics which succeed each other with such surprising rapidity did not engross all their time, the editors of the "Tribuna" would fight the battles of the camp with as much ardour as the "Standard."

The most urgent reform is a clause that will effectually oblige the authorities to enforce the Code; the employé who does not put the Code in full force from negligence for instance, should be made to pay a heavy fine or subject to lose his office. The articles of the Code should be made out as plain and explicit as possible because the 'excessive enlightement' of our camp authorities give rise to absurd interpretations never intended by the Codifier nor by the legislators. I happened to be in the Court House of Cañuelas when the judge refused to give a person the certificate mentioned in the 21st article of the Code and yet the party read the article in question for the judge; at the time mentioned judges of other districts had given these certificates to all who applied for them; this was mentioned to his worship of Cañuelas but he said the other judges did not know how to read the Code 'legally'. I could mention many such instances but I refer the committee to the article in the "Tribuna" already mentioned.

It is also absolutely necessary to put a stop to illicit sales, by shepherd pons, of skins, tallow, horsehair etc. An addition to article 301 of the Code would, perhaps, effect this. Said addition should prohibit, under a heavy penalty, parties from buying any sort of produce from any others but the real owners of the establishment, or, from the person or persons duly authorised by the owner. A person buying from a medianero, tercianero, capataz or peon should be made to demand a written authority duly countersigned by the judge of the district and bearing the seal or stamp of the Juzgado. Any person not the owner of the establishment offering any sort of produce for sale without such a written authority should be severely punished, and, any person buying from parties without this requisite should also be heavily fined or otherwise severely punished.

Some such enactment would put an end to the wholesale robberies carried on by unprincipled peons; some of these will kill the finest and fattest ewes in their master's flock, throw away the meat and sell the hide and tallow to a perambulating huxter or an unprincipled camp storekeeper; I say unprincipled, I should have said thieving storekeeper for, the man who buys stolen goods is certainly something more than an unprincipled man.

DICK.

THE USE OF ABSINTHE IN PARIS.

Paris actually has its clubs of absinthe drinkers, the members of which are pledged to intoxicate themselves with no other stimulant, and even to drink no other fluid—the only pledges, it is believed, which they do not violate. They assemble daily at some appointed place of rendezvous at a certain hour, and proceed to dissipate their energies and their centimes in draughts of that fatal poison which fills the public and private madhouses of Paris. These absinthe-drinking clubs are certainly not numerous, but liquor shops abound in all quarters of the city where absinthe may be said to be the staple drink, and lately several have sprung up which, to attract the youth of Paris to them, dispense the insidious beverage at the hands of pretty women. In the French army drinking of absinthe of the cheapest quality, and, as a matter of course, the most deleterious of all, used to prevail to such an extent that both military and medical commissions were appointed to report upon the practice and the effects resulting from it. The facts that came to light were so alarming that the Government not only formally interdicted its consumption, but made every endeavour to keep it beyond the reach of the soldiers. In Paris and other garrison towns these efforts were not particularly seucessful; but it fared hard with any camp followers of expeditionary corps in Algeria, or at Chalons, or other parts of France where temporary camps were formed, who chanced to be detected in supplying absinthe to the troops. In the French navy its consumption is rigidly prohibited, not merely to the common seamen, but to the officers as well.—*Pall Mall Gazette.*

WAR IN THE NORTH.

THE CHACO EXPEDITION.

INTERESTING ACCOUNT BY AN EYE WITNESS.

This blessed war which has lasted so long, and which has cost so much blood and money, is, as you know, still in its vigour. To-morrow is the second anniversary of the celebrated battle of Tuyuti, and we are still on the 'outside of Humaita, and still floundering along in the old channel of blunders and mistakes. The fleet passed Humaita: and everybody thought that at last we had arrived at the goal of our hopes. Alas! not so—we still deluded ourselves with the dream of the siege of Jericho, and fancied that with the sound of trumpets and the booming of cannon in useless bombardments at long range, the walls of the fortress would crumble into nothing, and the garrison come out to us with the pleasing invitation to enter and take something warm. Lopez, finding his position in the famous quadrilateral becoming every day more irksome, and perceiving that his extended lines were really unsustainable with the few forces that remained to him, combined with the difficulty and labor of bringing supplies from the interior, set about evacuating his outer works. This he did slowly and securely, commencing immediately after the celebrated surprise and assault of the 3rd of November last year, by carrying off his guns from the lines in Tuyuti, replacing them with imitations made with palms, retiring then to Humaita, whence he had brought them; leaving in these lines only a small number of guards, picquets of cavalry, &c. This we only discovered in March.

After the passing of the fleet, which Lopez had foreseen, by fortifying and making roads in the Chaco, he withdrew the bulk of his troops, and betook himself to the north, leaving Humaita with a small force of infantry and a large and well-appointed artillery, to keep us in check and amuse us, whilst he, with the remainder of his army, amounting to about 8,000 or 10,000 men, had time to recruit and look about for further means of prolonging the war, in the centre of his resources, and had time to withdraw by degrees, as he required them, the material of war and men that Humaita contained.

In the meantime, instead of sending forces up the river to occupy all the strategic points on the coast; instead of cutting off his outlet in the Tebicuari, and taking possession and closing in the Chaco side of Humaita, we were content with believing that the war was now concluded, and in passing the time at anchor. Tired of waiting for the expected miracle, and convinced that the garrison of Humaita had no intention of surrendering, knowing that Lopez had already returned with the bulk of his army; that few forces remained; and from some information that there was free communication between Humaita and the interior, by roads in the Chaco, it was at length determined to send an expedition to cut off this communication, and make the siege really effectual. I may mention that the proposition came from the Argentines, and its author probably is Chodasewiz.

As I had the honor of forming part in this expedition, I shall give a short description of it, as it is really one of the boldest, most warlike, and truly strategic moves that have been made during the war. To enable you to understand the movement let me try to convey to you an idea of the "lay of the land." Humaita consists of a series of fortifications on the left bank of the River Paraguay, on the converse side of a very rapid curve, the river almost doubling on it. In front, there is, therefore, a long pointed promontory, forming a kind of peninsula whose apex looks towards Humaita, and whose sides are washed by the river above and below the fortress. To cut a line across the base of this cone was the object of this expedition; but what composed the interior of it was quite unknown, and had to be explored. About a league below Humaita is the celebrated fortification of Curupayty, now in our possession, and forming our port of embarkation; above about two leagues from Humaita, is the battery of Timbo in the Chaco, possessed by the enemy: further up lies Tayi in our power.

On the 30th April, having only received notice the day previous, we commenced our march from this camp at twelve noon. Our force consisted of the 3rd and 5th of the Line, the Legion Voluntarios, Legion Militia, the Cordova and Rioja Battalions, 50 men of Lavalle Regiment Cavalry, of and four pieces of artillery, in all 1,500 strong, under General Rivas, who was the leader of the expedition. As you may guess, we marched without conveniences of any description, and Heaven seemed to frown on us, for the day opened gloomy, with clouds and rain, not to speak of a cold southerly wind. It put me in mind of the 16th April, 1866 (day of the first landing in Paraguay). At four we arrived in

Curupaity and embarked in three steamers. After embarking we lay in the middle of the river till it was perfectly dark; the moon, however, was in the second quarter, and the night clear and unclouded, though cold. About 7 p.m. weighed anchor and steamed up the river. We had scarcely gone a mile when the steamer in which I happened to be, which led the van, was run into by another, the President, coming down the river at full speed; she struck us stem on, right on the port part of the right paddle, smashing box and wheel to atoms, and wounding several men that were on the bridge; the shock was tremendous, we thought it was all up: I cast off my 'capote' and prepared to take the water, as I fancied from the blow that we had been cut to the water's edge. For a moment there was a general confusion —about 10 to 20 jumped on board the steamer we struck, and the rest rushed to the sides to make a clean sweep. The officers however brought the fellows to their senses, and quiet was restored. Fortunately for us we had been struck on the paddle, the force of the blow being expended on what was an outer work did not interfere with the entirety of the hull. Two feet further forward would have inevitably sent us to the bottom at once, for the shock was decidedly a severe one. We were, however, disabled, threw out our anchor, and hailed one destroyed to come alongside, into which we were all transferred, and, after an hour's delay, proceeded on our way rejoicing at our narrow escape.

About midnight we reached our landing-place, just below the fleet, and disembarked on the virgin soil of the Chaco. And what a landing was there: every foot of standing-ground was obtained by dint of the axe. We had to cut our way through a forest denser than what I had ever imagined; without knowing what there was before us; in complete darkness, for the moon had already sunk in the west. No fires were allowed to be lit, and dowa we squatted among the damp, wet grass, by the water's edge, amongst the feet of the mules and horses. Sleep was out of the question, for the very terror of being trampled upon, kept one alive to the beauty of the scene. I won't describe the 'pleasures' of that night; suffice it to say, that dawn was hailed with a joy that can only be felt after such a night's misery. I cannot say whether the first night in Paraguay or the first in the Chaco was the worst.

Next day we commenced cutting a path through the wood, parallel with the river. This was no joke. That day we made about two miles, still remaining in the first landing-place. The ground that we were on was what is called an 'albardon,' i.e., a belt of dry land covered with impenetrable forest between two waters. On the right was the River Paraguay, on the left an immense lagoon or chain of lakes and esteros.

At dawn on the 2nd the whole column was put in march advancing by the road that was cut the day before. We could hear on our left the fighting going on on the other side of the lake between the Brazilians who were then landing their force above Humaita in the Chaco. About 10 a.m. the firing ceased, which caused us to think that they, having surmounted the obstacle, were marching to meet us. At this time we had reached the base of the peninsula, where we had expected to cross to the other side, but found that the lake ran on to its very point, leaving only a narrow belt or albardon of dry land, intersected by swamps covered with wood, between it and the river, from 50 to 150 yards wide. There was no means of passing the lake, so there was no help for it but to return or run the gauntlet and pass under the very nose of the whole range of the batteries of Humaita with only the narrow Paraguay River between us and them. We chose the latter. Not I, but the General. It was an awful moment! A sublime pause! The strictest silence was observed, and we kept as close as mice in the presence of a cat. Yet we had to cut our way with the axe, the head of the column making the path. Happily, we were not percived (the enemy never for a moment fancied that any force could pass there—for, should they have opened fire with grape and cannister, not one of us would have returned to tell the tale) and passed Humaita under its very nose.

About three in the afternoon we reached the other side of the peninsula, having left a battery which is situated on its point, containing 12 guns on our right, almost within earshot, and debouched on the highway of Lopez that runs between Humaita and the confluence of the Tebicuari. Here we halted in the midst of a thick wood, on our right the river, on our left the aforesaid lake, across said albardon, which was traversed by three roads, one close along the river—the principal one allowing carretas to pass, the other two further in, running parallel, but only allowing one man to pass along at a time. Each of these paths was occupied by a telegraphic wire. This, then, was the means of communication by which Lopez sent supplies to Humaita, and which caused our siege to be useless and without effect.

Having halted here to rest, the Legion Voluntarios, under Matoso, was sent forward by the principal parts to look out for the Brazilians and reconnoitre. It had only proceeded about half a mile when it came on the rear of a Paraguayan force, with two guns. This force was completely taken by surprise, fled, and left the guns in our hands. Matoso, accompanied by Chodasewiz our engineer, Dr. Bedoya, and the guide, being rather elated with his easy victory, advanced. Suddenly, however, his vanguard was driven in, and the enemy appeared in the bend of the road, scarcely 50 yards distant. On hearing his piquets firing Matoso formed line on the road, his back to the river and front looking towards the wood; the enemy, therefore, took him on the right flank; and before he had time to say "Jack Robinson," the enemy charged, and as quick as thought the whole legion, without firing a shot, dissolved in smoke. A regular panic took possession of them, and a second edition of Bull's Run was the consequence. Bedoya, the guide, and the engineer, stepped back into the wood along with the band, and the enemy passed them to be at the runners. The former gained the edge of the river, and hailed the ironclad which was close by, which sent a boat and took them off safe.

Matoso, the chief, being the only one mounted, escaped on horseback, and presented himself alone to tell the tale, followed by the victorious enemy in close pursuit, who filled the woods with their savage howling. It was a moment of terrible suspense. The legion destroyed in a twinkling; the number and strength of the enemy unknown. Our forces camped in a narrow path where movements were out of the question, in a thick, impenetrable wood, without the shadow of a retreat, alone, completely cut off, the Indian yell heard in all directions within a few feet of us, the enemy unseen, bullets whistling past our ears, our troops wavering panic-stricken, and firing at random. Your humble servant, nerving himself to die like a man, dismounted and stuck his horse in a thick bush, and, with sabre and revolver in hand, expected every moment to feel the deadly rush of the onslaught. The 3rd Regiment guarded the principal approach with two pieces of artillery. On came the enemy, the guns emitted their charge of grape, which had no effect in checking the progress of the enemy.

At this critical juncture Rivas ordered Evanowski to charge bayonets with the 3d, which was done in gallant style. The enemy was driven back. We tried to flank, but were again met, and ultimately had to beat a precipitate retreat. We followed up by the main road, seeking incorporation with the Brazilians, without the slightest knowledge of the locality. Night, however, overtook us, so we encamped on the bank, with our back to the river, under arms all night, making defences on our front and flanks.

Two iron-clads came down and lay alongside, one on each side; from these we knew that Bedoya, the engineer, and the guide, were safe. On the 3d the Brazilians joined us. The Paraguayans that had intercepted us had disappeared during the night. As it was late when they came, we remained all night in the same spot, intending to march next day back so as to find the most convenient place to put our barrier across the peninsula, making our position more sustainable.

On the 4th we were prepared to march, and almost on the move, when about 11 a.m., came official intelligence from the Marquis, that from a deserter it was known that 4,000 men had crossed at Timbo, two leagues further north, to attack us, and reopen the communication. This set us, of course, to work.

Order to march countermanded; spades and axes put into requisition; and we went to work to clear timber and dig trenches with a will that only such an ugly situation could have produced. We expected the attack during the night, or at dawn next day. We were Argentines 1200, Brazilians 2000 odds. The Paraguayans, however, don't understand delay, and we were reckoning without a host. They started from Timbo at ten o'clock same day, and, owing to the bad state of the road, had to leave their artillery on the way, arriving at our position at half-past four in the afternoon. We were hard at work, and they were on us in a twinkling; no time for parley. On they came to the assault; and the outposts had hardly time to jump in the trenches when bi—r—r—r went the whole defending line. Fortunately, the north side was almost completed, being defended entirely by Brazilians; our flank, where the Argentines were placed, looked towards Humaita, and was in a very incomplete state, half of the ditch only being opened, and that only partially. The enemy tried to come round our front, which rested on the lake before mentioned, and failed. The fight lasted an hour and a half; such a well-sustained fire I have not before seen—a mosquito could not have approached and lived—and the niggers stood firm. A pitched battle is nothing; cooped up in a small redoubt the safest place is in the trenches fighting. The enemy was completely repulsed, but night closing on the scene we took care not to go out to follow them. Next two days we buried over 400 bodies, and took 600 or 700 stand of arms. Our loss was four killed and a couple of dozen wounded (Argentines?). I had myself a narrow escape of getting a ball through my foot, not to mention those that passed my head within sounding distance. The enemy brought to the attack more than 2000 men.

On the 5th we continued to fortify ourselves in our position and from explorations discovered that we had by chance pitched upon the most eligible spot to effect our purpose. Hearing that the enemy had been seen at work in the redoubt that the Brazilians had made on first landing, half way between our present position and Timbo, on the 6th marched the 1st of the Line that had come to replace the Legion with a battalion of Brazilians, in all about 1000 men to reconoitre. They surprized the enemy and destroyed their works, but when about to return there came a reinforcement from Timbo, and a bloody battle took place. We, however, owing to the powerful aid of the fleet were again victorious, the enemy losing at least 300, we about 140, but all Brazilians. At present the redoubt is strong, and if they do not allow batteries to be placed near, can resist Lopez with all his army; so that the Chaco is really completely shut in—nothing more can enter Humaitá. The Legion only lost about 40 men, the rest reappeared, but were distributed amongst the other corps.

The position of affairs stands somewhat thus. Humaita is now really in a state of siege, which it was 'not' before. In the fortress there are few forces, but a great display of heavy artillery. The resources of the place cannot be great, but, being Paraguayans, may last a couple of months: more is absolutely impossible. Within that time, sooner or later then, unless the line is broken in some point by forces outside, and supplies thrown in, the garrison must either starve or surrender. There is talk of an attack; but to attack by open assault is to lose men to no purpose, for before any attacking columns can get to the enemy's trenches, it must be terribly thinned by the fire of the artillery. We know, by our experience in Curupaity, what it is. To make approaches and covered ways, will require at least a month to get within an attacking distance of Humaita. So even then we won't be far in advance, at great labor and some loss. I have no idea that the garrison will surrender till they have nothing to eat, which is not yet the case.

Lopez is said to be fortifying north of the Tebicuari, and placing batteries on all the accessible points of the river. What may be the position of affairs after the fall of Humaita, I don't know. I don't expect, however, that the war will yet be finished. However, there will be no further move northwards till the river is clear, and Humaita no longer checks. Time will tell.

Paso Pucú, June 1, 1868.

THE ECLIPSE.

The total eclipse of the sun which is to take place on August next will present such a long duration of darkness that astronomers are anticipating it with unusual interest.

ON 'CHANGE.

June 6, 1868.

Ounces,	4400
Sovereigns,	122½
Patacons,	25
National Bonds,	44

To-day was a busy one on 'Change. The Bolsa was crowded at an early hour, and large transactions effected. In Bonds the opening price was maintained, notwithstanding the extreme stringency of the money market, but they ruled weak at the close, and some holders evinced a disposition to sell, could they realise at present quotations; but, at the present moment, it is out of the question. Any large amount thrown on the market would at once bring down prices, and only that the bears are short of Bonds, the speculation would be on a heavy scale for a fall.

To-day some large purchases for the end of July attracted great attention. They were not quoted on the board, but it was well known that some 400,000 Bonds were bought for that date, and it was rumored amongst the brokers that a speculation on a gigantic scale had entered the market.

Collections through town were extremely insignificant, and money in every quarter felt to be tight. It leaked out in the afternoon that the bills of a well-known party, connected with the army forage business, had been protested to-day, and for large amounts.

Exchange ruled at what is termed "Saturday's rates." Some bills were passed at 49½, cash. It is not thought, however, that the amount to be passed for the packet will be heavy, as there are for this packet no new takers on a large scale.

The news from Montevideo is now beginning to be regarded as of a disastrous character. The specie payment panic is still on the increase, and as all parties demand gold, and gold cannot be had, the difficulties which beset trade in general are of a most serious nature, giving rise to claims for demurrage, protests without end, and losses of no trifling magnitude. Speculation, on the most gigantic scale, has set in in the Mauá notes. Parties are even taking money in the market to buy these notes at a shave: their quotation up to the closing of the Bolsa was 65 to 68, and the bills of the Montevidean Bank have suddenly fallen to 15 per cent. discount. Collections in gold in Montevideo seem to be utterly out of the question, and few of the foreign houses have as yet been able to change their paper for gold, owing to the rough-and-tumble at the bank doors. The inspection of the Mauá books has proved highly satisfactory, but as two of the members of the Committee refuse to certify to the result until further investigation, the speculations in the bills are as rife as ever.

Soon all the Mauá notes will be bought up, and off the market. Some English merchants who arrived here this morning give a most melancholy picture of the state of things in Montevideo. Their personal experience during the crisis was listened to with the greatest attention on 'Change to-day; and the conviction of all is that the wind-up of the affair will be the adoption of Esteva's project.

Up to the closing hour of the Bolsa, the City of Buenos Ayres had not entered port. It is presumed that she is detained by the fog and low water.

The American steamer James T. Brady will make her first trip either on Wednesday or Friday next.

The La Plata takes 2,500 bags Chilian wheat, say 250 tons.

Messrs. Peyrredieu and Bradley report one flock, 2,000 ewes and capones, boiled down at the saladero, have realised $27 4 rls.

In the wool plazas, this being Saturday, very little done. One barraquero holds about 50,000 dry hides. Few sales to-day.

Charters by Woodgate, Brothers:—

Prussian brig Konigen Marie von Hannover, to load at Rio Grande for orders, salted hides, at 52s 6d.

Prussian schooner Eliza, to load at Rio Grande, same terms.

Prussian barque Storm Bird, to load in the River Uruguay, for orders, bone ash and bones, at 25s and 5 per cent.

BIRTH.

On 6th June, at 598 Calle Belgrano, Mrs. John Thomson, of a son.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF A. MATTI & PIERA, 36½ CALLE CUYO.

The steamer Uruguay, on Tuesday, at 10 a.m., for Gualeguay, Rosario, Paraná, and Santa Fé. From the Railway Station, Retiro. Passages reduced.

The steamer Rio Negro, on Tuesday, at 10 a.m., for Salto and ports.

The steamer Espigador, on Wednesday, at 11 a.m., for Colonia.

SOUTH AMERICAN STEAMBOAT CO., 36½ CALLE CUYO.

The steamer Parana, on This Day, at 10 a.m., for Rosario, Corrientes, and ports. Passages at half price.

The steamer Proveedor, on Tuesday, at 5 p.m., with freight and passengers, for Montevideo.

The steamer Cisne, on Thursday, at 10 a.m., for Corrientes and all intermediate ports. Passages at half price.

STEAMBOAT AGENCY OF RUBIO & FOLEY, 12 CALLE 25 DE MAYO.

The British steamer Iaguarete, on Sunday, at 10 a.m., for Corrientes, Itapiru, Curupaity, and ports.

PETER ROUSE, HORTICULTURIST,

Has the pleasure to announce that he has OPENED a Choice Nursery at No. 170 CALLE CANGALLO, where will be found an infinite variety of Valuable Fruits, Rare Vegetables, and Charming Flowers.

Bouquets arranged at a moment's notice.

Flower Seeds, young Plants and Slips always on Sale. 63,1m,j7

AL COMERCIO.—Se avisa al Comercio que queda Anulado el poder que tenia por la casa de Federico Loog el Señor Don Carlos Gross. 64,6p,j7

ACCOUNTS Investigated, Books Posted, Balanced, and Closed, on the most reasonable terms by an experienced Book-keeper. Address Accountant, Standard Office. 68,3p,j7

NOTICE.—Mess Beef, in Barrels of 200lbs.; Mutton, ditto; excellent Salt and Smoked Tongues; Mutton, Hams, Sheep's Tongues; Salt, in small Boxes, or Loose, to suit Purchasers; excellent Corned Beef, Round, Collars, Charques, and Breasts, on the most reasonable terms.—134 CALLE MEXICO. 71,6p,j7

ON SALE, at No. 66 CALLE DEFENSA, a few Casks of First-class RUM. 72,6p,j7

ENGLISH MILLINERY ESTABLISHMENT, 71——CALLE BOLIVAR——71.

Mrs. M'DOUGALL

Begs to intimate to the Ladies of this City and Neighbourhood, that she has just Received

A LARGE ASSORTMENT OF BEAUTIFUL GOODS FOR THE WINTER SEASON,

Embracing all the Newest Styles in Velvet Bonnets, Felt Hats, Straw Hats, Silk Cloaks, Shawls, Ribbons, Flowers, Feathers, Blonds, Honiton and Mitese Lace, Handkerchiefs, Ties, Collars, Cuffs, Skirts, Hose, Sewed Slippers, Berlin Wools, Tea Infusers, &c.

Ladies' and Children's Underclothing, Children's and Babies' Dresses, Baby Linen, Flannels, Stays, Super-Fingering Wools.

N.B.—Mrs. M'D. having arranged for regular supplies from the Home Markets, Ladies will always find a choice Selection of Fresh Goods in Stock.

71 Calle Bolivar, June 3. 46,1m,j4

CADIZ SALT.—Retailing on Board, ex Lord Palmerston.—Apply to JOHN F. GOWLAND & CO., 34 RECONQUISTA. 26,6p,j4

REMITIDOS.

EXMO. SENOR:

Don Agustin de Castro. Corredor de número de esta Plaza, ante V. E. como mejor sea digno:

Que como encargado de la formacion de la sociedad esplotadora de las minas de oro de Cuñapirú, comparezco ante el Superior Gobierno en solicitud de que conforme a la promesa hecha a la Comision directiva de dicha sociedad diez mil pesos en acciones, sin perjuicio de la autorizacion de la honorable Asamblea General a este respect.

Por ello,

A. V. E. ocurro que se sirva prover a este pedido, y acompaño a los fines que haya los estatutos sociales.

Es gracia, Justicia, etc.

Exmo. Señor:

AGUSTIN DE CASTRO.

Ministerio de Hacienda.

Montevideo, Mayo 5 de 1868.

Atento a lo espuesto por el suplicante, y en el deseo el Gobierno de dar impulso y protejer en cuanto le sea posible el fomento y desarrollo de empresas de esta naturaleza, que por otra parte es la primera que se inicia en el pais, acuerda suscribirse por la cantidad de diez mil pesos en acciones, prévia la autorizacion del Cuerpo legislativo, a quien se le dirigirá la nota competente; y comuníquese a la Contaduria General.

Rública de S. R.

BUSTAMANTE.

SOCIEDAD DE MINAS DE ORO DE CUNAPIRU.

Capital.....$ mjn. 120,000
Acciones.....de $ mjn. 250

COMISION DIRECTIVA Y ADMINISTRATIVA:—

Señor Don Daniel Zorrilla.
" " Carlos Reiles.
" Dr. " Rosendo Otero.
" " Juan Mac'Coll.
" " Mateo Petit.

Ingeniero y Director de los trabajos, Hubert Bankart.

Agente de la Sociedad, el Corredor Don Agustin de Castro.

TITULO I.

DE LA FORMACION DE LA SOCIEDAD.

Art. 1.° Queda fundada en la Ciudad de Montevideo una Sociedad anónima denominada Sociedad de minas de Cuñapirú.

2.° El capital con que se funda de $120,000 será representado por 480 acciones de $250 cada una, las que serán pagadas 10 p.% al suscribirse como accionistas y 90 p.% en dividendos que los determinará la Comision Directiva y administrativa, con aviso prévio de 10 dias para cobrarlos.

3.° Al ingresar como accionista de esta Sociedad, se dará conocimiento prèvio de estos estatutos, y el desembolso de la 1.ª cuota determinará la aprovacion de ellos y la aceptacion de sus obligaciones.

4.° La Sociedad durará seis años, á cuyo término se liquidará; pero podrá estenderse el término, por resolucion de mayoria de accionistas.

TITULO II.

5.° El objeto especial de esta Socied es esplotar las minas de oro existentes en la República, en Cuñapirú, departamento de Tacuarembó, reportando ventajas notables los accionistas y demostrando prácticamente la riqueza mineral del pais, la que llamará en grande escala la inmigracion a la República. Podrá tambien contratar con el Gobierno, si lo hallase conveniente, la acuñacion de moneda nacional circulante.

TITULO III.

DE LA ADMINISTRACION Y DIRECCION.

6.° La Sociedad será dirijida y administrada por una Comision compuesta de cinco miembros, la que administrará por dos años y será nombrada por los accionistas en reunion general.

7.° La primera administracion corresponde a la Comision con que se funda esta Sociedad.

8.° La Comision directiva y administrativa tiene la representacion de la Sociedad, para lo que se acuerdan plenos poderes para representarla judicial y estrajudicialmente.

9.° A la Direccion se le acuerdan especiales poderes:

1.° Para disponer del oro que se esplote, vendiéndolo aqui ó en Europa.

2.° Para celebrar convenios especiales con los dueños de los terrenos auriferos, indegnizándolos con acciones por los perjuicios que sufra su terreno, todo con arreglo a la ley.

3.° Para solicitar del Superior Gobierno el apoyo y proteccion á esta Sociedad que es de primera importancia para el pais.

10. A la Comision Directiva y Administrativa en la primera reunion de la Sociedad se le acordará la Comision que debe percibir sobre las utilidades liquidas por la fiscalizacion y direccion de la empresa.

TITULO IV.

DEL INGENIERO DIRECTOR DE LOS TRABAJOS.

11. La Sociedad nombra Ingeniero Director a Don Hubert Bankart, el que acepta las siguientes obligaciones y las que determinará el reglamento que la Comision Directiva y Administrativa convenga de acuerdo con él.

1.° De acuerdo con la Comision Directiva y bajo su inmediata dependencia, fundará el establecimiento en Cuñapirú.

2.° dirigir los trabajos de minas de conformidad al reglamento que se acuerdo entre él y la Direccion.

3.° Pasará préviamente a Inglaterra para dotar a la empresa de las màquinas que sean precisas para esplotar el oro con ventajas, asi como de mineros y demas personal anexo a empresas de igual naturaleza, procediendo en un todo con arreglo a las instrucciones y órdenes que recibirá de la Direccion, la que lo dirijirá a una casa de comercio de Inglaterra de su confianza para que intervenga con él en el contrato de las máquinas y atendiendo a su pago y a los desembolsos para adelato de sueldos y fletc de buque, etc. etc.

12. La Sociedad acuerda al Ingeniero Don Hubert Bankart, por la direccio de los trabajos en los seis años que durará la Sociedad y como compensacion a los gastos que le ha ocasionado la esploracion de los terrenos auriferos y ensayos que ha hecho, de lo que hace cesion a la Sociedad, una mensualidad de 260 ps. mjn. a contar despues de su vuelta de Europa para empezar los trabajos, y 8 p.% de las útilidades liquidas, si la produccion por tónelada de cuarzo fuese al menos de una onza de oro, y 6 p.% si fuese menor.

13. Por su viaje a Europa y las superindencias en la construccion de máquinas, la Sociedad le acuerda la suma de 2000 pesos mjn. y el pago de su pasage a Inglaterra de ida y vuelta.

14. La época porque se funda la Sociedad da derecho al Ingeniero Bankart a conservar la posicion que estos estatutos le determinan, siempre que sus conocimientos y buen desempeño confirmen su competencia para la buena direccion y la utilidad de la Empresa; pero podrá ser amovible por razones en contrario y por resolucion de la Sociedad apoyada en ellas y por la votacion de tres cuartas partes de votos de la Sociedad reunida en asamblea general.

15. La Direccion queda autorizada para celebrar un contrato especial en que determino las obligationes y deberes del Ingeniero Director, de acuerdo con estos estatutos, pudiendo acordarle la continuacion como a tal Director si la Sociedad resolviese estender el plazo de seis años.

TITULO V.

16. A los seis meses de empezar los trabajos de esplotacion, ó antes si lo creyese conveniente, la Comision Directiva presentará a la Sociedad una memoria demostrativa del estado de la Empresa, y en el caso que los trabajos hubiesen ya dado una parte de los resultados que se tienen en vista al fundar esta sociedad, la reunion de accionistas determinará a un dividendo.

17. La Comision en esta reunion presentará un reglamento que determine:

1.° La época y los casos en que deba reunirse la Socied, ya sea para el nombramiento de nueva Direccion ú otras ocurrencias de utilidad social.

2.° Las épocas y formas en que se hará la distribucion de dividendos.

Este reglamento será discutido y aprouodo que sea por la Sociedan, hará parte integrante grante de estos estatutos.

18. En las reuniones de la sociedad los votos serán computados: 1 accion, 1 un voto; 5 acciones, 2 votos; 10 acciones, 4 votos; y qualquiera que sea el número de acciones que represente un individuo, no dará derecho a mas de 5 votos.

19. La Sociedad acuerda al corredor D. Agustin de Castro por la formacion de esta sociedad la comision de práctica por la formacion de sociedades anónimas sobre el capital, luego de instalada la Sociedad, la que recibirá en acciones de consesion.

20. Luego de estar instalado el establecimiento en Cuñapirú y antes de empezar los trabajos, la Sociedad reglamentará su organizacion, su marcha conforme a la ley de minas y arreglará sus acciones a la proporcion que corresponda a 24 barras y sus subdivisiones—Montevideo, Mayo 2 de 1868.

Es cópia conforme.

El Corredor encargado de la formocion de la Sociedad.

AGUSTIN DE CASTRO.

EXTRACTUM CARNIS.

LIEBIG'S SYSTEM.

The Consumption of this substance, the concentrated nutritious parts of Meat, is daily increasing.

Physicians recommend its use in several Diseases, and for Convalescents.

Aged Persons, Infants after being weaned, People of Weak Digestion, and Sickly, and those who desire an agreeable and efficacious substitute for Cod Liver Oil, take it with very good results.

It is of great service in Cookery, serving as a basis to all kind of Soups, Sauces, and Made Dishes.

It is also anti-scorbutic;—it ought to be used on Board of all Vessels to prevent that disease.

It is to be found, with a direction for use, at:—

TOLEDI and MAINE, 15 Piedras.
BOTICA IMPERIALE, 131 Florida.
CHABRY and CO., 92 Chacabuco.
LAFARQUE and CO., 55 Paseo Julio. 242,1m,m30

GRAN REMATE DE LA CHACRA DE SANTA CATALINA.

Por motivos agenos a la voluntad del abajo firmado, se prorroga la venta de este importante establecimiento hasta el Domingo 14 del corriente. 73,6p,j7 FRANCISCO F. de la SERNA.

ENGLISH SEMINARY, 85—CALLE TACUARI—85

The Undersigned has the honor to announce to the Parents and Guardians of the Youth of this City that, yielding to the frequent invitations of his Friends and of many of the Parents whose sons he had the privilege of educating when Principal of the English Seminary, 20 Suipacha, he has OPENED his new Establishment in CALLE TACUARI, No. 85.

The chief object to which he devotes his undivided attention is the preparation of the Alumni for a successful mercantile career.

The Course of Instruction embraces the most prominent parts of the popular systems adopted in England and the United States, which the Undersigned taught with such marked success during the many years he has laboured in this department.

This Establishment offers a HOME for the Children of those Parents who do not reside in the City, where their moral and intellectual culture will be assiduously promoted.

The discipline of the Seminary is paternal, firmness being blended with kindness, and the greatest care bestowed on the health and comfort of the Boarders, who are treated as members of the Principal's family.

All the Branches of a thorough English Education are efficiently taught, and the Pupils prepared for the practical discharge of their duties in any Mercantile House in which they may be placed.

Besides the rudimental English Branches, Spanish, French, Latin, Mathematics, Book-keeping, Music, and Drawing are taught by accomplished Professors.

A limited number of Boarders, Half-Boarders, and Day Scholars only admitted.

A Program will be forwarded on application.

HENRY R. NICHOLSON, Principal.

189,1m,m29

NOTICE.—From This Day Mr. Atkin R. Hayman ceases to be in my Employment.

G. D. STEWART.

Buenos Ayres, May 30, 1868. 40,6p,j4

VERY SUPERIOR SYRUP, In 5 and 10 Gallon Kegs, JUST RECEIVED, At No. 76 SAN MARTIN. 18,1m,j3

VERY SUPERIOR BUTTER, In 17lb. Kegs, JUST RECEIVED, At No. 76 SAN MARTIN. 17,1m,j3

NOTICE.

All Parties having CLAIMS against the House of Business, CALLE 25 DE MAYO, No. 134, will please present same in THREE DAYS from this Date.

JAMES BARRETT.

Buenos Ayres, June 2, 1868. 2,6p,j3

CHEAP! CHEAP!! CHEAP!!

On Sale, the Good-Will and Fixtures of a CIGAR STORE, in the Central Business Part of the City. It must be disposed of within 14 days.

The Fixtures are suitable for any sort of Business.

Apply at 40½ San Martin. 6,6p,j3

DR. HAGERTY is requested to send his Address to this Office, where Letters of importance await him. 21,6p,j3

DR. LOWE Begs to inform his Friends that he has Resumed Medical Practice, and can be Consulted Daily at his Estancia near MERCEDES. He also intends Opening an Office in Mercedes, where he will attend Two Days a-Week.

☞ VACCINATION on FRIDAYS. 19,1m,j3

100 DOLLARS REWARD.—Lost, on SUNDAY, the 31st May, between Two and Three p.m., a small Terrier five or six months old, almond colour. Any Person that may have found it and will deliver it at CALLE 25 DE MAYO, No. 77, will receive the above Reward. 12,6p,j3

RICO CARBON DE ESTUFA.—Se vende al precio de 450 Pesos m/c. la Tonelada, puesto en casa del Comprador. Se pueden dejar las órdenes en el Corralon, Calle 25 de Mayo, esquina á la de Temple, 6 en el Escritorio, Calle de Maipú, No. 160. 22,8p,j23

WANTED, to Purchase, One or Two Levelling Instruments, New or Second-hand. Apply at No. 229 Calle Corrientes. 8,6p,j3

LIVERPOOL AND RIVER PLATE STEAMSHIP ASSOCIATION.

MESSRS. LAMPORT AND HOLT'S LINE.

STEAMSHIP LA PLATA, 1005 Tons Register, E. HAIRBY, Commander, Will leave this Port FOR ANTWERP, Viâ Brazil, On WEDNESDAY, the 10th Instant.

There is still disengaged room for about 100 Tons Cargo.

This Steamer has superior accommodation for Passengers, and is in every respect a first-rate opportunity for Families going to Europe. She will touch at a Port in the Channel, to land Passengers and Mails.

For further particulars apply to the Consignees, HENRY A. GREEN & CO.;

Or to the Brokers, GREEN, LEROSSIGNOL, & CO., 85 Reconquista.

N.B.—The next direct Boat of this Line will be despatched from LIVERPOOL on the 25th inst. 33,xpj3

DR. WHITE in answer to numerous inquiries addressed to him upon the subject, begs to state that, as soon as ever he can secure Premises suitable for the purpose, he will at once OPEN a First-class BOARDING SCHOOL for BOYS.

Dr. WHITE will really feel obliged to any Person for information respecting such Premises, situated either in the environs of Buenos Ayres or a short distance therefrom, on the Southern or Western Railway. 13,1m,j2

A LETTER lies at the Office of Messrs. Geo. Brownell & Co., 11 CALLE MAIPU, addressed to Captain Geo. Gape. 258,12p,m31

STEAMERS FOR LIVERPOOL, ANTWERP, LISBON, BRAZIL, AND RIVER PLATE.

Two of the following Screw Steamers are intended to be despatched with Cargo and Passengers each Month, from Buenos Ayres for Rio Janeiro, Bahia, Lisbon, Liverpool, and Antwerp (calling at Montevideo):—

Tycho Brahe	1848 tons.	Humboldt	1346 tons.
Hipparchus	1840 "	Cassini	836 "
Kepler	1499 "	Flamsteed	1376 "
Galileo	1625 "	Copernicus	1397 "
Newton	1074 "	Saladin	510 "
Ptolemy	1115 "	Ironsides	691 "
Halley	1347 "	La Place	1194 "
Donati		1182 tons.	

SS. HIPPARCHUS, 1848 TONS REGISTER, CAPTAIN CARROLL.

The above Steamer will be despatched for Rio de Janeiro, Bahia, Lisbon, and Liverpool (calling at Montevideo), FRIDAY 12th JUNE.

Cargo received on board until the Evening before Sailing.

The exact day of Sailing will be announced on her arrival at Montevideo. Meantime Passages can be engaged.

Parcels and Specie [on which freight must be prepaid] will be received at the agents' office up to Two o'Clock on day of sailing.

Rates of freight for specie per these steamers one-half per cent.

Letters received at the Post-Office only.

These Steamers have excellent accommodation for saloon and forward passengers. Landing passengers and specie at a port in the English Channel.

Apply to the Consignees, Messrs. Darbyshire, Krabbé, & Co.; or to JOHN P. BOYD & CO., 56 Calle San Martin. 224,xp,m29

REMATE. POR FEDERICO J. SERNO.

Atencion capitalistas!

Gran remate Judicial—De la importante chacra de Santa Catalina en las Lomas de Zamora a una legua de la estacion, con grandes y muy valiosos montes de tatas, acácias, robles, paraisos, moyes etc. de mas de 50 años y como no existe otro igual en el pais propios para construccion de volantas y otros muebles finos.

El terreno mide cerca de media legua cuadrada con pastos de primera calidad y una gran laguna permanente en el centro. En el paraje mas elevado del terreno hay 1 palacete con 25 piezas hermosas, entabladas y empapeladas con un mirador de vistas, muy dominantes, aljibe de gran capacidad, jardi con plantas de mérito y una antigua quinta con frutas esquisistas. Al lado hay otra casa de azotea propia para familia y ademas para los peones del establecimiento.

A 10 cuadras al Sud otra en el centro de un terreno cercado destinado para sembrados. Al Este un molino con granores y un horno de ladrillos. Cerca de este un potrero muy grande y al rededor del edifio principal están los galpones arreglados perfectamente para una cabaña de animales de razas finas; corrales de tablubay, potreros, alambrados, etc.

Por orden del Tribunal de Comércio y cuenta del concurso de Don Patricio Bookey.

El Domingo 14 de Junio a la 1 en punto de la tarde se venderá a la mejor postura y dinero de contado el magnifico establecimiento que dejamos designado.

Los demas pormenores los publicaremos oportunamente. 151 xpm18

BANCO MAUA y Ca.—Avisamos al comercio que a consequencia de la renuncia que en 14 de Abril ppdo. presento el Sr. Don Enrique Barker del puesto de Gerente de este Banco, queda substituido desde hoy por el Sr. Don Francisco Fernandez Blanco—Rosario, Mayo 22 1868.

198,10p,m29 P. P. MAUA y Ca ENRIQUE BARKER.

LOPEZ AND CO. Will Sell by Public Auction, on JUNE 7, at Four p.m., the valuable House Property, known as 77 and 79 CALLE SUIPACHA, in the Parish of San Miguel, only one and a-half squares from the Church, and one from the Mercado del Plata.

The House is old, but of good materials and well built. A small outlay would render this a valuable holding, being 33 yards deep, by 16½, on the street.

This is one of the best thoroughfares and most rising parts in town, and its conveniently distant situation renders the House suitable either for Private Residence or Public Store.

The title deeds will be found without a flaw by Parties interested calling at the Auctioneer's Office, 94 and 96 CALLE PERU. 202,xp,m29

THE ACME OF MEDICAL SCIENCE IS ACHIEVED IN THE WONDERFUL DISCOVERY OF NEW MEDICAL PRINCIPLES IN

DR. RADWAY'S PERFECT PURGATIVE PILLS COATED WITH SWEET GUM.

1st Principle—A vegetable substitute for Calomel or Mercury is secured.

2d. A cathartic that cleanses the alimentary Canal and its neighboring Viscera as thoroughly as Lobelia does the stomach.

3d. Functional Harmony is secured to the secreting vessels of all the organs and glands in the system.

4th. Purification and equalization of the circulation of the blood.

5th. The properties of these Pills communicate a nutritious principle to the blood and reparative secretions.

6th. A great want is supplied in their soothing, healing and expulsive power in cases of intestinal ulceration, as in Eruptive Fevers, where a cure depends upon free evacuations.

7th. The aged and persons suffering from paralysis of the bowels, by the use of one pill per day, secures regularity.

Persons suffering with any disturbance of the secretary organs, or that have difficulty in discharging the contents of the bowels, or that are in the habit of taking Pills or opening medicines, should try one box of these truly excellent Pills. The happiness of their effects on the system, and the satisfactory evidence one box will give you of their wonderful curative powers, will convince you that your faith and trust in them will become firmly established.

RADWAY'S REGULATING PILLS.

A newly discovered principle in vegetable medication is securred in Radway's Regulating Pill, that places them far in advance of all other Purgative or Cathartic, Aparient or Sedative, and Anti-Bilious Medicine. They are the only vegetable substitute for Calomel or mercury known; the only Medicine that, during their process of purging, imparts nutriment to the debilitated system, and strengh, vigor and purity to the blood, and impaired secretions; the only purgative that will cleanse the Alimentary Canal and obstructed intestine as quickly and thoroughly, without weakening or nauseating the patient, as Lobelia (the most active and thorough emetic of the herbist) will the stomach, and the only purgative at present known safe to administer in case of Small Pox, Yellow Fever, Erysipelas, and other Malignant Fevers, that inflame and ulcerate the mucuous membranes of the Bowels, Stomach, &c.

THE PROPERTIES OF DR. RADWAY'S PILLS.

They equalize the circulation, Purify the Blood, and Purge Corrupt and Acrimonious Humors, and retained deposits from the system in six hours.

AS A CATHARTIC, the increase, when suspended, the peroitaltic movement of the bowels, and promote a quick evacuation of its contents. Their influence is extended throughout the system, purging the retained deposits in the stomach, into the duodenum, stimulating the secretory, ducts of the pancreas and liver, in the promotion and increase of the flow of bile and pancreatic fluids.

PURGATIVES of common aloes exert their action on the colon and rectum by irritation of the mucuos membrane, without influencing the liver or its secretions. Such cathartics are unsafe in pills for general use. The common Cathartic Pills, that induce drastic liquid discharges, should never be given in cases of inflammation, or when there is ulceration of the intestinal canal.

THE APERIENT and mild LAXITIVE properties of RADWAY'S PILLS are the best safeguard in these disorders, and in all cases of eruptions and malignant fevers their balsamic, healing and sothing properties protect the coats of the alimentary passage against the irritant and acrid humors of the fauces.

THE NUTRITIOUS AND TONIC properties of these Pills are of great service in depleting fevers and u

LUNCHROOMS & SNUG,

113 CALLE 25 DE MAYO.

SUPERIOR

WINES AND SPIRITS
ENGLISH ALES & PORTER.

Irish, Scotch, and Bourbon
WHISKEY.
HOT PUNCHES
At all Hours;
MIXED DRINKS, &c.;
SANDWICHES of all Descriptions;
HAM and EGGS,
OYSTER STEWS and LOBSTER SALADS:
Tom and Jerry and Milk PUNCHES.

☞ BILLIARDS,
&c. &c.
CHARLES MULVANY, Proprietor.
208,xp,m1

NOTICE

Ship Captains, Seafaringmen, Campmen, Travellers and the Public generally should note down the Address,
No. 50 CALLE 25 DE MAYO,
Where Prices of Clothing, Hosiery, &c., are distinctly marked on each Article,—thus ensuring one uniform price for all Seamen and Landsmen, Townspeople, and Camp-people.
In this soliciting the custom of Englishmen and Americans, the Advertiser gives credit to the classes addressed for at once perceiving the advantages accruing to themselves by the system above-mentioned.

Good English Pilot Cloth Jackets, each..	$200
Thick Cloth Winter Trousers, per pair..	$100
Usually sold for $170.	
Extra Stout Cord Trousers	$80

Under Flannels and Drawers made to order.
Sheets, Pillowcases, &c., made up.
N.B.—Linen-faced Paper Collars, sizes 14 to 15½ inches. Very few in Buenos Ayres just now.

TO LADIES IN THE CAMP.

I am disposing of complete Sets of best quality Haberdashery, comprising Cottons, Tapes, Pins, Hair Pins, Needles, Pearl and Cloth-covered Buttons, &c.—each Set contained in a handsome strong-partitioned mahogany box, with lock and key. Price $123, delivered to any Agents in the City.
Town Residents,—This Article would form an acceptable Present for your Country Lady Friends.
Brown Windsor Soap, $40 per Box of 42 cakes.
Four Qualities Brown Windsor on Sale; 12 other kinds.

CHARLES J. FLOWER,
ENGLISH HOSIER,
No. 50, CALLE 25 DE MAYO.
142,1m,m19

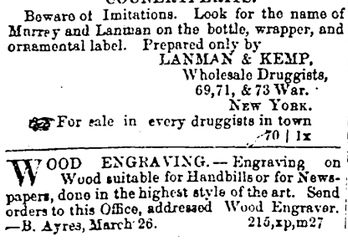
WINES! WINES!! WINES!!

SPANISH WINES.
Superior Amontillado and Table Sherry of the well-known brands Gonçalez & Dubosse, F. Heald, Pemartin, and Duff Gordon.
PORTUGUESE WINES.
Superior Ports, Offlez and Sandeman & Co.'s Lisbon Red, Dry Lisbon and Bucellas; brand Medlicott & Co.
FRENCH WINES.
Chateau Larose, Lafitte, Margaux, Leoville, Saint Julien, St. Estephe, Medoc, Star Claret and various other qualities.
ALE AND PORTER.
An assortment of the following marks, in Pints and Quarts: Ind Coope, Wm. Younger & Co., and Bass, always on hand.
BRANDIES.
J. & F. Martell, James Hennessy & Co., and other different marks to be had.
CHAMPAGNE.
In pints and quarts of the well-known marks La Perle, Cliquot, and Chateau Ay.

Besides the above they have always a supply of Real Hollands, Marmalade, Preserved Fruits, Jams, Whisky, and a large variety of other things.

E. MEDLICOTT & CO.,
33—CALLE RECONQUISTA—33,
AND 48 CALLE MAYPU.

JOHN GEOGHEGAN
Begs to intimate to his Friends and the Public, that he has REMOVED from No. 105, Calle San Martin, to
No. 21, CALLE CORRIENTES,
Where he has Opened an extensive House, with suitable accommodation for those who may favour him with their patronage.
Masters of Vessels, or other Gentlemen, can be accommodated with Private Rooms, if required.
83,1m,m12



MURRAY & LANMAN'S
CELEBRATED
FLORIDA WATER.

This exquisite Perfume is prepared direct from Blooming Tropical Flowers of surpassing fragrance. Its aroma is almost inexhaustible; while its influence on the SKIN is most refreshing, imparting a delightful buoyancy to the overtaxed Body and Mind, particularly when mixed with the water of the Bath. For
FAINTING TURNS,
NERVOUSNESS,
HEADACHE
DEBILITY,
AND
HYSTERIA,
It is a sure and speedy relief. With the very *elite* of fashion it has for 25 years maintained its ascendancy over all other perfumes throughout the West Indies, Cuba, Mexico, and Central and South America, and we confidently recommend it as an article which, for soft delicacy of flavor, richness of bouquet, and permanency, has no equal. It will also remove from the skin
ROUGHNESS, BLOTCHES,
SUN BURN, PIMPLES,
AND FRECKLES.
It is as delicious as the Otto of Roses, and lends freshness and beautiful transparency to the complexion. Diluted with water it makes the best dentifrice, imparting a pearly whiteness to the teeth; it also removes all smarting or pain after shaving.
COUNERTFERITS.
Beware of Imitations. Look for the name of Murray and Lanman on the bottle, wrapper, and ornamental label. Prepared only by
LANMAN & KEMP,
Wholesale Druggists,
69,71, & 73 Wall.
NEW YORK.
☞ For sale in every druggists in town
70 | 1x

WOOD ENGRAVING.—Engraving on Wood suitable for Handbills or for Newspapers, done in the highest style of the art. Send orders to this Office, addressed Wood Engraver.—B. Ayres, March 26. 215,xp,m27

MERCEDES.

THE CENTRAL HOUSE
OF
TORROBA BROTHERS

Has just received a Large Assortment of
FIRST-CLASS SHERRY AND PORT WINE,
GUINNESS'S EXTRA PORTER,
IND COOPE'S PALE ALE,
TEAS, SUGARS, COFFEES,
READY-MADE CLOTHING,
&c., &c., &c., &c.,
For the Coming Season, which will be
SOLD AS CHEAP AS IN BUENOS AYRES.

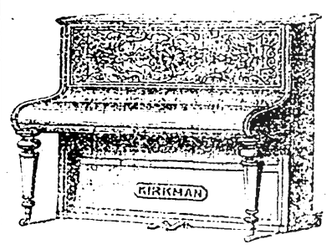
KEAN & SOAMES,
Grocers, Provision Dealers,
Ship Chandlers, Custom-House Agents,
and Camp Agents in General.
For Sale from 5,000 to 8,000 Sheep,
also several Leagues of Land
to Sell or Rent, &c., &c., &c., &c.
76, 78, AND 80 CALLE ALSINA.
(Opposite the Hotel Colon),
ROSARIO.

NO MORE GRAY HAIR!
NO MORE BALD HEADS!!
NO MORE DANDRUFF!!!

ORIENTAL TONIC
FOR THE
HAIR

It makes the Hair Soft and Glossy.
It makes it grow Thick and Heavy.
It removes every vestige of Dandruff.
It keeps the Hair in any Shape.
It prevents premature Baldness.
It makes the Head Cool and Pleasant.
It stops the Hair from falling out.
It imparts new strength and vigor to the Scalp
It is the only perfect Hair-dressing.
It is the only Hair-dressing suitable for the
BEARD AND WHISKERS,
Imparting to them that soft silky appearance and feeling so much admired by Gentlemen.

SEWING MACHINES.
A large and varied assortment on hand. Warranted to work well. They are all of the latest and best inventions, and of different prices.
JOHN SHAW.
206—Venezuela—206.



KIRKMAN'S PIANOS.

On Sale at the Agents,
MOORE, PUNCH, AND TUDOR,
72 RECONQUISTA.
123,xp,a17

CHIVILCOY.—We take the opportunity of informing our Friends and the Public that we have opened a General Camp Store in this flourishing town, where every article for Family Use may be had at the same price and quality as sold in Buenos Ayres.
TORROBA BROS.,
'STANDARD' AGENTS, CHIVILCOY.

BRYANT Y MAY
LONDRES E.
FABRICANTES DE FOSFOROS.
FOSFOROS VICTORIA DE BRIANT Y MAY
Inodoros garantidos para todos climas son los mejores fosforos y mas baratos que se conocen. En cajones fuertes, forrados con zinc.
BRYANT Y MAY,
Londres E.
4 52p 1pe2 w. f

FLOR DEL OESTE.

El que firma hace saber al público que la Diligencia del 25 de Mayo que salia en el tren de la tarde, saldrá desde el 1º de Mayo por el primer tren para llegar en el dia al 25, tocando en los Establecimientos de los Sres. Villarino, Calderon, Monte, Pestaña, Luna, Juan R. Barrales, Socorro, y 25 de Mayo. Sale los 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21 y 27 de cada mes; regresa los 3, 7, 11, 15, 19, 24 y 29. Agencias—En Buenos Aires, Piedad, 257; Chivilcoy, Hotel del Ferro-Carril; 25 de Mayo, Hojalateria de F. Guilli.
SANTIAGO IRALDE,
m 16p,'3 Empresario.

FLOR DEL OESTE

El que firma hace saber a sus amigos en particular y al público en general, que desde el 1.º de Abril de 1868, va a establecer una diligencia de Chivilcoy al 25 de Mayo, pasando por el camino del [Socorro.] Las salidas infaliblemente son los 1, 5, 9, 13, 17, 21, 25 y 29 de cada mes por el tren de la tarde a Chivilcoy. Regresa los 4, 8, 12, 16, 20, 24 y 28.
AGENCIAS—Buenos Aires Piedad 257—Chivilcoy Hotel del Ferrocarril—25 de Mayo, Cancha Nueva.
Mayoral y Empresario—SANTIAGO IRALDE.
Nota—Precios de pasaje cien pesos, tomando ida y vuelta en las Agencias, ciento sesenta, 1a arroba de carga 25 pesos, escedienno de 8 arrobas precio convencional. 29,6p,a9

G. BEHRENS,
103——CALLE ZAVALA——103,
Agents for the 'Standard,'
have constantly on hand,
Pianos of Pleyel, Wolff & Co., Paris.
Do of Edward Westermayer, Berlin.
Do of T. Sprunck, Berlin.
Do of J. Blüthner, Leipzig.
Music of all classes.
Stationery.
Books in English, French, Spanish, German, Italian, Portuguese, Dutch, Danish and Swedish.
A large assortment of Engraving and Photographs,
Charts and Maps.
English songs and sacred music.
Books for Children, &c.
G. BEHRENS.
Montevideo, Ce Zavala No. 103
220..xpsm6

CHAPMAN,
CALLENDER,
& COMPANY,
ENGLISH WAREHOUSEMEN,
210 CALLE MISIONES,
160 CALLE SARANDI,
MONTEVIDEO.
161,xp,s20

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47——CALLE CANGALLO——47.

FOR HAVRE.

BOSSUET—French ship, 3/3, L 1.1, 804 tons; Grenier, Master; Consignees, Llavallol and Sons.
GEORGINA—French barque, 3/3 L.1.1., 466 tons, Leroy Master, Consignees Messrs. P. Ladrocat & Co.
COSTA RICA—French barque, 5/6 L.1.1., 566 tons, Le Bris, Master, Consignees Messrs. Bonnemason & Heydecker.
THERESA—French barque, 5/6 L.1.1., 321 tons, Aiguesvives Master.
AMELIE—French barque, 5/6 L 2.1, 310 tons, Baron, Master; Consignees, C. Arnaud.
QUITO—French barque, 5/6, L 1.1, 491 tons; Herwis, Master; Consignees, Bemberg and Co.
INDUS—French barque, 3/3, L 1.1, 322 tons; Foulard, Master.
DON QUICHOTTE—French barque, 5/6, A 1.1, 389 tons; Durond, Master; Consignees, Mallman and Co.
SAUVIC—French ship, 3/3, L 1.1, 800 tons; Liveque, Master; Consignees, P. Ladrocat and Co.
BERNARDINDE ST. PIERRE—French ship, 3/3, L 1.1, 743 tons; Morin, Master; Consignee, F. Cabiran.

FOR BORDEAUX.

MARIE—French barque, 1.1 L C, 10 years, 429 tons; Gardin, Master; Consignee, V. Sicard.
DUC—French barque, 1st class, 197 tons; Baudin, Master.
JOURNY—French barque, 5/6, L 1.1, 519 tons; De Broglie, Master; Consignees, P. Ladrocat and Co.
AMELIE—French barque, 3/3, A 1.1, 243 tons; Puchen, Master; Consignees, Etchebarne, Brothers.
HELOISE—French barque, 5/6, L 1.1, 377 tons; Legoungnec, Master; Consignees, Pequin, Petit, Laroche and Co.
NOUVEAU CARIOLAN—French barque, 1 C 1, 335 tons; Pertus, Master; Consignee, F. Cabiran.

FOR MARSEILLES.

DENIS AFFRE—French barque, 3/3, L 1.1, 407 tons; Carriere, Master; Consignee, A. Jolly.
CHARLES EMMA—French barque, 3/3, A 1.1, 174 tons; Bouin, Master; Consignee, A. Lennuyeux.

LOADING IN THE RIVER FOR MARSEILLES.

BANGKOK—French barque, 1 C 2 5, 399 tons; Auriol, Master; Consignee, F. Cabiran.

FOR ANTWERP.

SAINT CLAIR—French barque, 5/6 L 1.1., 396 tons, Roullier Master, Consignees Messrs. Vivares & Mallee.
AMICIZIA—Italian barque, 3/3, A 1.1 ½, 468 tons; Bottaro, Master; Consignee, Migone.

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ARGENTINE BANK

By DECREE of the Directing Committee, a General Meeting of Shareholders is convened for 10th JUNE NEXT, at Noon, for the consideration of the Petition signed by several Shareholders,—the formation of a General Directory the transfer of the Administration to Buenos Ayres, and the modifications consequent on such reforms.

JOSE M. CULLEN,
President.
EUCELIO MACHAIN,
Provincial Secretary.
Rosario, May 5, 1868. 86,1m,m12

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The Most Strengthening,	Nourishing,
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This Food, made up exactly as the directions enjoin, will have double the concentration of the Mother's Milk.
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CRANWELL'S,
CHEMIST,
☞ 30——CALLE DE RIVADAVIA——30.
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88,xp,a14

PUBLIC NOTICE.

THE IRISH PRIESTS stationed at LUJAN, the better to attend to the Spiritual Wants of the People entrusted to their charge by the Archbishop, will attend at the following places in the following order:—
First Sunday of each Month—LUJAN.
Second Sunday of each Month—MERCEDES and PILAR.
Third Sunday of each Month—CHIVILCOY and LUJAN.
Fourth Sunday of each Month—MORENO and MERCEDES.
They will occasionally give MISSIONS in BRAGADO, VEINTE CINCO DE MAYO, and other places not attended by any Irish Priest. 178,6p,m23

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" Superior Pale Sherry, in Sixteenths.
" Do. Amontillado Sherry, in Sixteenths.
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Ditto, Fleur de Sillery.
Ditto, Grand Cremant Souverain.
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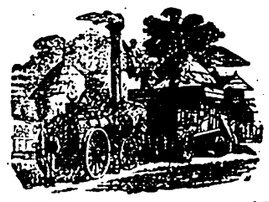

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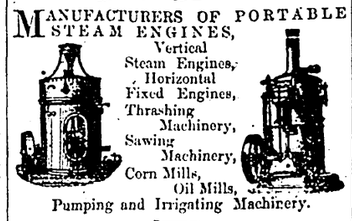

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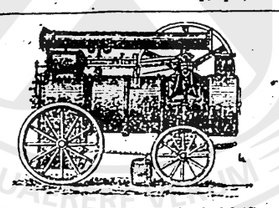

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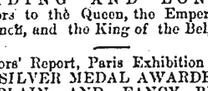

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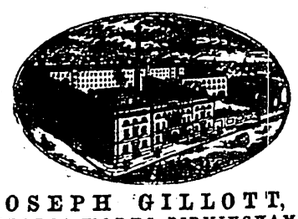

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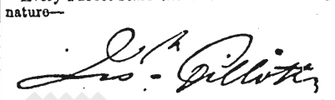

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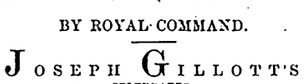

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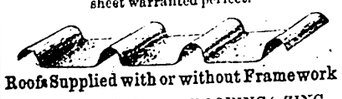

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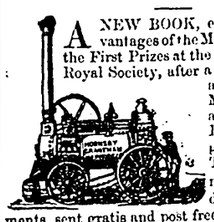

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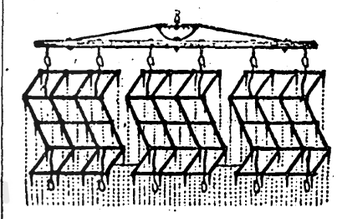

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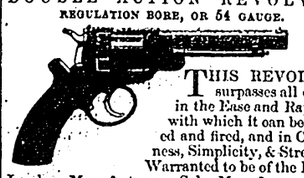

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